

City of Sweetwater, Texas Comprehensive Annual Financial Report FY 2019-2020 Ended September 30, 2020



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Prepared by: Finance Department

# "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION

# "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK



# City of *Sweetwater* P. O. BOX 450 • 200 EAST FOURTH STREET SWEETWATER, TEXAS 79556 • (325) 236-6313 www.sweetwatertx.gov

January 25, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Sweetwater, Texas

State Law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Cathrine Wilks, CPA LLC, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Sweetwater's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of the Government

The City of Sweetwater, incorporated in 1902, is located in the central western part of the State. It currently occupies 10.96 square miles and serves a population of 10,906. The City of Sweetwater is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by State statutes to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done on several occasions.

The City of Sweetwater has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1902. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the Mayor and four other members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. The City Council appoints the government's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of various departments. The Council is elected from single member districts. Council members serve two-year staggered terms, with two Council members elected every year. The Mayor is elected to serve a two-year term and is elected at large.

The City of Sweetwater provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; streets and other infrastructure; recreation and cultural activities; water and sewer services; solid waste management; and ambulance services. Also, Sweetwater Enterprise for Economic Development – Municipal Development District (SEED-MDD) has met the criteria for inclusion as a component unit and is included in the report.

The City Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Sweetwater's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the governing council.

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#### Local economy

The City is a center for manufacturing, oil, transportation, wind energy generation, and agriculture. Agriculture and oil have played an important role in our economy in past years. The area is a center for livestock, ranching, and farming with cotton, grains, and sorghum being the principal crops.

The previous years' rains relieved a severe drought in the area. Recreation lakes have been filled and are now stocked with fish. Farmers and ranchers have enjoyed the benefits of the rain in regards to their cotton crops and grass conditions for livestock have been improved. Underground water tables are at healthy levels.

The price of oil has stabilized at moderate prices over the past year, causing the local service and production industry to stall. Many oil and gas companies have closed their doors locally, but Sweetwater has a diverse economy not totally dependent on oil and gas.

Several manufacturing companies are located in close proximity to the City of Sweetwater. A cement production facility, two gypsum-based sheetrock production plants and the growing wind energy industry provide a tremendous economic boost to the City and help maintain employment rates at a level that is consistently higher than the state average. Our largest employer is a radioactive detection equipment manufacturing company, Ludlum Measurements.

The certified appraisal value of all taxable property October 2019 for both real and personal in the City is \$467,147,055, which is an increase of \$12.3 million, or 2.7% over the previous year. This increase is primarily due to the increase in the personal property values. The overall stability is reflective of the City and community leaders' efforts to improve the quality of life for its citizens through projects focused on improving the aesthetics of neighborhoods and major thoroughfares by implementing cleanup projects and incentives to businesses for building façade improvements.

#### Long-term financial planning

The City will be faced with many significant issues over the next twenty years.

Within the next ten years the City will be addressing the following issues:

- Create conditions to encourage economic growth to continue into the long term. The Sweetwater Economic Development's primary objective is to promote Sweetwater and to promote an atmosphere that will bring economic growth to Sweetwater.
- Rising healthcare costs seems to be an issue every year. The City is continually monitoring benefits and deductibles as well as reviewing the amount paid by our employees for their families. However, this continues to be a large concern for the City.
- Due to severe weather conditions of the last few years, the city streets need major repair. After an in-depth street study, the City has already begun steps toward a bond election to ask its citizens' approval for making large scale investments into our roads in the very near future.
- Public safety expenses continue to rise every year and the City plans to work closely with the public safety departments to control costs while keeping our community safe.

Within the next twenty years the City will be addressing the following issues:

- Securing a long-term water supply. The City is reliant upon a well field for its water supply in addition to surface water from Oak Creek Lake. At the end of FY 2020, Oak Creek Lake was at percent capacity. The City will be looking at alternative sources over the next ten to twenty years.
- The City and SEED MDD are working on how to create an environment for investment in housing development in Sweetwater. We have a challenge in the lack of housing subdivisions that have been built here over the last 20 years, so this issue will be studied in depth.
- Consideration of future annexation sites for incorporation into City boundaries.
- Exploring the possibility of an Emergency Services District with the footprint of the County as its tax base. This would provide for a more equitable and efficient means of serving the area population with fire and emergency medical services.
- The dams at Oak Creek Reservoir and Lake Trammel will need a major re-facing within the next fifteen to twenty years. Maintenance efforts are budgeted every year to prolong their life.

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#### PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

#### Major initiatives

In fiscal year 2017, the City of Sweetwater City Council approved a parks master plan that would allow the City to apply for grant funding from Texas Parks and Wildlife for eligible parks projects. Efforts to implement portions of the park plan have begun by the building of a municipal dog park in the previous fiscal year and an exciting children's splash pad in the current fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2016, the City received a 5 million-dollar Texas Water Development Board Drinking Water SRF low interest loan to be used to replace a 1930's 750,000 gallon elevated storage tank, replacement of 1600 feet of aging water line, replacement of aging filtering membranes at the water treatment plant, and for continued maintenance of the water and wastewater utility system infrastructure. The construction and demolition project has been completed. In the first quarter of FY 2021 the remaining funds were expended and the project closed.

Another major project is the Texas Water Development Board low interest loan funded water and wastewater system improvement projects which includes the replacement of aging equipment, membranes, water lines and collection lines. The application process has begun with an expected project start date mid fiscal year 2021.

With the opening of the newly permitted Type IV landfill, the newly created planning and development department has begun tackling the issue of dilapidated commercial and residential structures that have accumulated in our city. This endeavor is meeting the city leaders' intent to improve the quality of life in Sweetwater.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Sweetwater for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the forty-first consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration departments. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Sweetwater's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

David A. Vela City Manager

Patty Torres City Comptroller

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

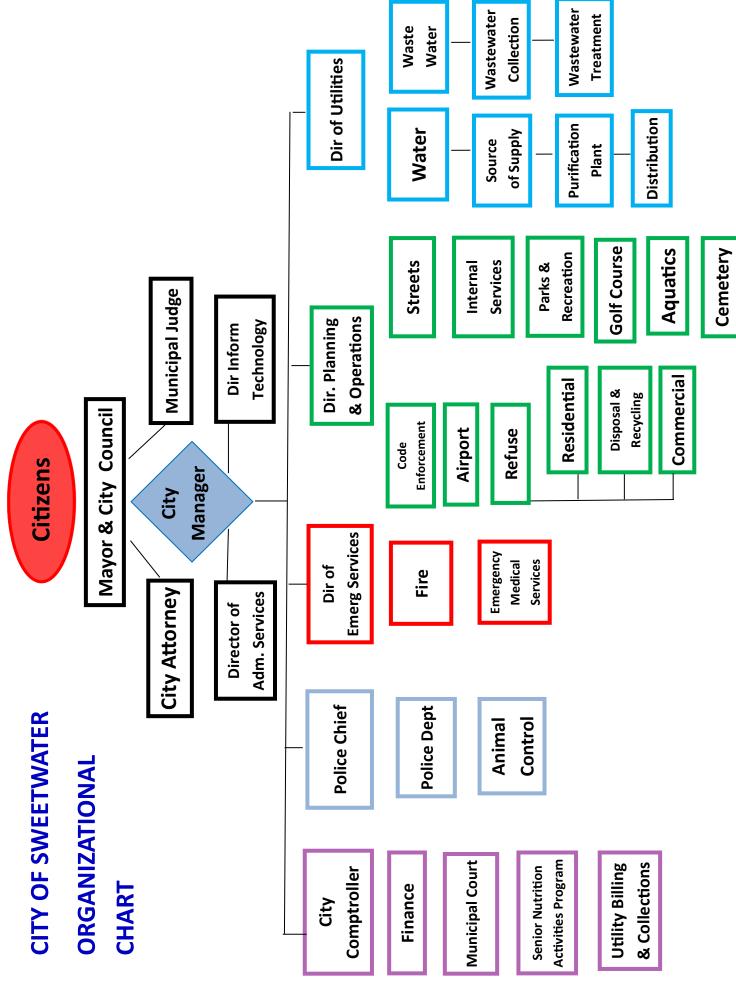
# City of Sweetwater Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



#### CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS INCORPORATED 1902 PRESENT CHARTER ADOPTED JULY 9, 1956

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS September 30, 2020

#### Elected Officials

Jim McKenzie Larry May Kerry Baker Ricky Castro Jerod Peek

#### Appointed Officials

David Vela Patty Torres Lisa Adames Russell Jones Matt Counts Grant Madden Eddy Campbell Dana Schoening Tonya Challis Zach Adames Kenny Maxwell Peter Sheridan Mayor, At Large Council Member, Precinct 1 Council Member, Precinct 2 Council Member, Precinct 3 Council Member, Precinct 4

#### City Manager

City Comptroller/City Secretary Personnel Officer/Civil Service Director Public Works/Internal Services Dir. Interim Police Chief Emergency Management Dir. Director of Utilities Planning and Development Director Senior Nutrition Activity Program Dir. Information Technology Director Municipal Judge (Part-Time) City Attorney (Part-Time)

# FINANCIAL SECTION

# "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

# CATHRINE WILKS CPA LLC

501 Locust Street P.O. Box 627 Sweetwater, Texas 79556 (325) 236-9552

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor Jim McKenzie and Members of the City Council Sweetwater, Texas 79556

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining funds of the City of Sweetwater, Texas, ("City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for the audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining funds of the City of Sweetwater, Texas, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and pension and other postemployment information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Sweetwater, Texas.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and the schedules, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated January 25, 2021, on my consideration of the City of Sweetwater, Texas's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

(attaine Willbs) CPA LLC

Sweetwater, Texas January 25, 2021

#### **CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS** Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Sweetwater, we offer readers of the City of Sweetwater's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Sweetwater for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-5 of this report. All amounts in this analysis, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in **thousands** of dollars.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The primary government's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,546 (*net position*). The majority of the City's net position, \$23,835 (78%), is invested in capital assets and is not available for future spending. The City's total net position increased \$1,452 in part due to a COVID-19 operating grant for public safety and a 90/10 capital grant from TxDOT to complete an airport game fence. The unrestricted net position is \$5,383 and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Sweetwater's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,698 a decrease of \$317 compared to the previous year; of this amount, \$3,193, or 68%, is *available for spending* at the government's discretion *(unassigned fund balance)*, \$181, or 4%, is restricted and \$1,324, or 28%, is committed.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* components of fund balance) for the General Fund was \$3,193 or approximately 29% of total general fund expenditures.
- On a budgetary-basis the City's General Fund revenues were below budget by \$356 thousand or 3% and total expenditures were below budget by \$120 thousand or 1.1%.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Sweetwater's basic financial statements. The City of Sweetwater's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Sweetwater's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Sweetwater's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Sweetwater is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Sweetwater that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Sweetwater include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community services and airport. The business-type activities of the City of Sweetwater include the Water and Wastewater Fund, Solid Waste Management Fund and the Ambulance Fund.

#### **CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS** Management's Discussion and Analysis

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Sweetwater itself (known as the *primary government*), but also Sweetwater Enterprise for Economic Development - Municipal Development District (SEED-MDD) a legally separate political subdivision of the State of Texas and the City. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported discreetly with the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 24 and 25 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Sweetwater, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Sweetwater can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*,

The City of Sweetwater maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other five governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Sweetwater adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Sweetwater maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Sweetwater uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Wastewater, Solid Waste Management and Ambulance activities. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Sweetwater's various functions. The City of Sweetwater uses internal service funds to account for its Central Garage and Stores and for its Self-Insured Employee Benefit (health care) services. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the governmental statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Wastewater Fund, the Solid Waste Management and Ambulance Funds, which are all considered to be major funds. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-32 of this report.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 33 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Sweetwater's pension plans. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 65-73 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 75-85 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Sweetwater, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$30,546 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

_	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Assets:						
Current & other assets	\$ 7,174	\$ 7,552	\$ 13,198	\$ 13,361	\$20,372	\$20,913
Capital assets	7,720	9,202	27,649	26,677	35,369	35,879
Total assets	14,894	16,754	40,847	40,038	55,741	56,792
Deferred outflows of resources	2,470	988	1,565	678	4,035	1,666
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities outstanding	8,853	7,089	18,243	15,442	27,096	22,531
Other liabilities	539	632	2,369	2,662	2,908	3,294
Total liabilities	9,392	7,721	20,612	18,104	30,004	25,825
Deferred inflows of resources	425	1,424	253	663	678	2,087
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	7,571	8,625	15,232	15,210	22,803	23,835
Expendable Restricted	202	436	875	892	1,077	1,328
Unrestricted	(226)	(464)	5,440	5,847	5,214	5,383
Total net position	\$7,547	\$8,597	\$21,547	\$21,949	\$29,094	\$30,546

#### City of Sweetwater's Net position

A significant portion of the City of Sweetwater's net position \$23,835 (78%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Sweetwater uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Sweetwater's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Sweetwater's net position, \$1,328 (4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$5,383) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

There was a \$1,050 increase in the ending net position of governmental activities and an increase of \$402 in the ending net position of business-type activities. The total primary government's ending net position increased from the previous year by \$1,452. This increase was primarily due to the \$569 thousand COVID-19 federal aid grant received for public safety, \$460 thousand 90/10 TxDOT grant for completion of the airport game fence, and the decision to not open the swimming pool due to the COVID-19 pandemic for a savings of approximately \$160 thousand in culture and recreation.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Sweetwater can report a government wide positive balance of \$30,546 in ending net position; however, the governmental activities had a negative unrestricted net position of \$464. This deficit increased \$238 over the previous fiscal year's deficit. Details of this swing are discussed further below under the Governmental activities' key elements. The government's separate governmental and business-type activities had positive ending fund balances or net position, except for the ambulance activity which had a deficit net position due to the implementation of GASB 68 in a prior fiscal year. Previous to the implementation, the entity reported all positive balances net position.

	Governmental activities		Business type activities		Tota	al
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$2,281	\$2,334	\$10,609	\$11,279	\$12,890	\$13,613
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	198	655	10	135	208	790
Capital Grants and		4 005			004	4 005
Contributions	52	1,205	229	-	281	1,205
General Revenues:	0.000	0.405			0.000	0.405
Property Taxes	2,263	2,495	-	-	2,263	2,495
Sales Taxes	2,792	2,842	-	-	2,792	2,842
Other Taxes	1,797	1,796	-	-	1,797	1,796
Other	985	1,027	394	139	1,379	1,166
Total Revenues	10,368	12,354	11,242	11,553	21,610	23,907
Evnences						
Expenses: General Government	1,878	1,812			1,878	1.812
Public Safety	5,959	5.632	-	-	5,959	5.632
Public Works	1,100	1,040	-	-	1,100	1,040
Culture and Recreation	1,500	1,329	-	-	1,100	1,040
Community Services	550	544	_	_	550	544
Airport	414	395	_	_	414	395
Water and Sewer		-	6,528	6,723	6,528	6,723
Emergency Medical Services	_	_	2,135	2,034	2,135	2,034
Solid Waste	_	_	2,249	2,186	2,249	2,186
Total Expenses	11,401	10,752	10,912	10.943	22,313	21,695
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,		
Increase in Net position Before Transfers and Special items	(1,033)	1,602	330	610	(703)	2.212
Transfers	93	(552)	(93)	552	_	_
Loss on Disposal of Property	-	(332)	(93)	(760)	-	(760)
Increase (decrease) in net position	(940)	1,050	237	402	(703)	1,452
Net position - beginning	8,487	7,547	21,310	21,547	29,797	29,094
Net position	\$7,547	\$8,597	\$21,547	\$21,949	\$29,094	\$30,546

#### City of Sweetwater's Changes in Net position

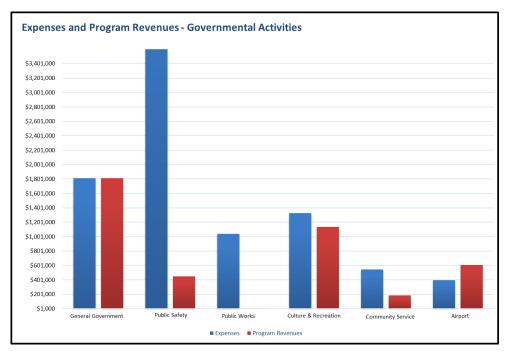
#### Governmental activities.

The key elements of the increase to the City of Sweetwater's net position by \$1,452 are as follows:

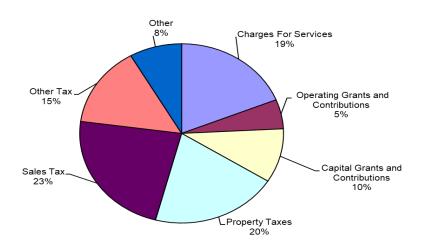
 Charges for services, operating grants, capital grants and contributions increased by \$2,229 primarily due to a COVID-19 operating grant of \$569, capital grants of \$1,205 for a splash pad and airport game fence.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

- The property net taxable values for 2020 increased by \$12 million. The City's property tax rate was approved just below the rollback rate at \$0.539 per \$100 of value. This resulted in a \$232 thousand increase in current property taxes to be used for general governmental services.
- Sales tax revenue increased in spite of the Coronavirus pandemic from the prior year by \$50.
- Expenses decreased over all sectors of the government mostly due to management's preparedness for pandemic revenue shortages and increased supplies. Purchase requests were carefully considered for necessity before approval was given.
- Net investment in capital assets increased \$1,054 due to net capital asset additions of \$1,381, accumulated depreciation decreases of \$101 due to asset disposals and related debt increase of \$428.
- The General Government completed two large capital projects funded by grants during the fiscal year. A splash
  pad located in Newman Park was completed for \$745 funded by the SEED MDD. The airport game fence was
  completed for \$616 it was funded by a 90/10 grant through TxDOT.
- The \$238 decrease in the unrestricted fund balance in governmental activities was primarily due from:
  - Pension related inflows and outflows resulted in a net decrease of \$2,481 to unrestricted balance.
    - Long Term debt decreased by \$1,764.
    - Accounts payable increased \$93.



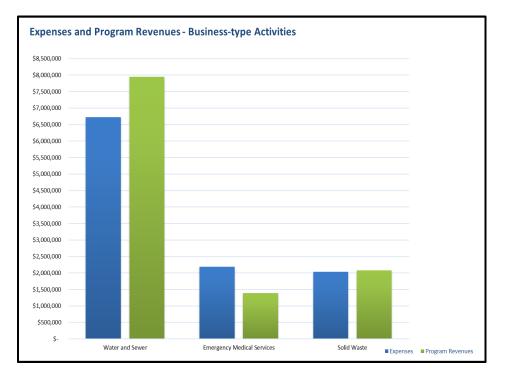
#### **Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities**



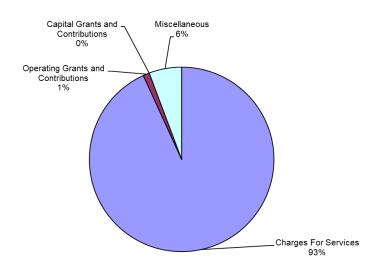
#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City of Sweetwater's ending net position by \$403. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

- Business type total revenues increased by 2.8% and expenditures increased slightly by .3%.
- Charges for services increased by \$670 (6.32%) for business-type activities.
  - A 13.17% increase in water and sewer consumption or a \$597 increase.
    - There was a \$52 or a 3% increase in Refuse charges.
  - Ambulance charges decreased by 6% or \$73.
- There was a decrease in investment earnings of \$82.
- There was a decrease in grant revenue of \$103.
- Transfers from the general fund into the ambulance department increased by \$46.
- Transfers from the water and sewer fund into the general fund to assist with public safety decreased \$600.



#### **Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities**



#### **CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS** Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Individual Fund Reporting

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Sweetwater uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City of Sweetwater's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Sweetwater's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Sweetwater's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,698. The combined ending fund balances consist of \$3,193 in unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion and \$1,505 in committed, restricted and assigned fund balances, which are restricted for spending for specific uses.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Sweetwater. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the general fund was \$3,362 of which \$3,192 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 31% of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City of Sweetwater's general fund decreased by \$338 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase are as follows:

- General fund current expenditures increased \$162 from fiscal year 2019 primarily due to an increase in public safety expenditures of \$152, general government expenditures of \$65 and public work expenditures of \$21. There was a decrease in culture and recreation expenditures and airport expenditures of \$36 and \$38 respectively.
- Capital Outlay increased by \$1,414 from the previous year.
- Transfers from the general fund increased from \$731 in 2019 to \$832 in 2020. The increase of \$101 was primarily from increased transfers to the Ambulance fund of \$45 and SNAP fund of \$50.
- General Revenues increased by \$2,136 primarily due to capital and operating grants of \$1,648 to the public safety, culture and recreation and airport departments. The government's property taxes increased from the previous year by \$235 due to a 2.66% increase in taxable values. Sales tax and other tax revenue increased \$146.

*Proprietary funds.* The City of Sweetwater's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Wastewater Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$8,289. The total increase in net position for this Fund was \$592. The Solid Waste Management Fund had an increase in net position of \$54. The Ambulance Fund had a decrease in net position of \$244 which includes \$552 transfers from the General Fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City prepares its annual operating budget on a basis which differs from U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). See Note 2 of the notes to financial statements for further explanation of the differences in methods. There was one amendment to the budget passed during the year which had the effect of increasing the general fund's budgeted revenues by \$1,286 and increased its expenditures by \$1,367. Following are the main components of the amendments:

- Increase in capital grant revenues from approved SEED-MDD grant for a splash pad.
- Increase in operating grant revenues from approved SEED-MDD grant for asbestos abatement project.
- Increase in operating grant revenues from TDEM for COVID-19 relief
- Decrease in revenues and expenditures in Aquatics department due to closure of swimming pool.

#### **CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS** Management's Discussion and Analysis

- Increase in parks department expenditures for splash pad project and opening of lake bait shop.
- Increase in transfers out to the Ambulance, SNAP and Cemetery funds.

The General Fund's actual budget basis revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources (uses) for fiscal year 2020 resulted in a decrease in fund balance of \$338. The actual budget basis total revenues were \$11,532 while budgeted total revenues were \$11,888. The negative variance of \$356 was primarily due to sales tax, franchise tax, and intergovernmental revenues not meeting or exceeding expectations.

General Fund's fiscal year 2020 actual budget basis expenditures before other financing sources (uses) were \$11,039 while budgeted expenditures were \$11,159. The positive variance of \$120 was primarily due to a decrease in aviation fuel purchases and the postponement of a budgeted airport pavement project.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City of Sweetwater's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2020 amounts to \$35,879 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets and bridges.

City of Sweetwater's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)								
	Govern	mental	Busines	s- type				
	Activ	Activities Activities				tal		
	2019	2020	2019	2020				
Land	\$ 178	\$ 178	\$ 2,416	\$ 2,416	\$ 2,594	\$ 2,594		
Buildings	3,980	3,799	5,568	6,387	9,548	10,186		
Improvement other then								
buildings	1,600	2,708	15,614	16,641	17,214	19,349		
Machinery and equipment	1,806	2,517	807	665	2,613	3,182		
Construction in progress	156	-	3,244	568	3,400	568		
Total	\$ 7,720	\$ 9,202	\$ 27,649	\$ 26,677	\$ 35,369	\$ 35,879		

Additional information on the City of Sweetwater's capital assets can be found in Note (4) starting on page 42 of this report.

**Long-term Obligations.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Sweetwater had \$24,539 of long-term obligations, a decrease of \$4,429. Included in the long-term obligations is bonded debt outstanding of \$12,297, which represents bonds secured by revenue and tax sources.

#### City of Sweetwater's Long-Term Obligations

	Governmental activities		Business-type	e activities	Total		
-	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	
Net Pension Obligation	\$ 7,908	\$ 5,508	\$ 5,253	\$ 4,125	\$ 13,161	\$ 9,633	
Net OPEB liability	245	298	105	126	350	424	
Note Payable	149	75	156	55	305	130	
Capital Lease	-	747	-	-	-	747	
Compensated Absences	694	753	224	254	918	1,007	
General Obligation Bonds	-	-	7,650	6,475	7,650	6,475	
Certificates of Obligation	-	-	5,725	5,385	5,725	5,385	
Bond premium	-	-	562	436	562	436	
Landfill Post-Closure	-	-	297	302	297	302	
Total	\$ 8,996	\$ 7,381	\$ 19,972	\$ 17,158	\$ 28,968	\$ 24,539	

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The City of Sweetwater's decrease in total long-term obligations of \$4,429 (15.2%) during the current fiscal year was primarily due to a decreased net pension obligation and bonded debt. There was a new capital lease in the current year but no new bonded debt obligations were issued.

The City of Sweetwater maintains an "AA-" rating from Standard & Poor's and Fitch for its revenue and tax certificates of obligation debt.

Additional information on the City of Sweetwater's long-term debt can be found in Note (5) starting on page 43 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City's county, Nolan, at year end was 5.9%, an increase from the 3.1 rate a year ago. In spite of the increase, this compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate for the same period of 8.3%. The increase in unemployment rate is primarily due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the drastic drop in oil prices. Layoffs occurred in the hospitality, restaurant, retail, oil and gas sectors. With the interstate traffic increasing since the vaccine and decreased cases of the virus, businesses are opening back up and people are getting back to work for a favorable turnaround in FY 2021.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indexes.
- Anticipating another year of lagging sales and franchise tax revenue, the City Council increased the FY 2021 property tax rate to \$0.544 per \$100 of valuation to meet the community's needs. This rate is just slightly under the rollback rate.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Sweetwater's budget for the 2021 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Sweetwater's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report for the City or its component unit, Sweetwater Enterprise for Economic Development - Municipal Development District, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Comptroller, P. O. Box 450, Sweetwater, Texas 79556-0450.

# "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Gebt	ember oc	, 2020				Component
		Primary Government					Unit
	Governm			siness-type	<b>T</b> ( )		SEED
Assets	Activit	les		Activities		Total	MDD
Current cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5.83	33,595	\$	9,792,344	\$	15,625,939	\$ 7,533,001
Receivables (net of allowance	φ 0,0,	55,555	Ψ	3,732,344	Ψ	10,020,909	φ 7,000,001
for uncollectibles)	58	82,281		1,479,131		2,061,412	35,803
Internal balances		88,115		(88,115)		-	-
Due from other governments		47,762		166,278		514,040	_
Inventories		29,754		234,206		263,960	_
Other assets	-	-		923		923	_
Restricted assets:				020		020	
Cash and cash equivalents	6	70,712		1,776,230		2,446,942	_
Capital assets (net of accumulated	0	10,112		1,770,200		2,440,042	
depreciation):							
Land	1	78,332		2,415,757		2,594,089	305,439
Construction in-progress				567,906		567,906	-
Buildings	3.70	98,766		6,387,667		10,186,433	_
Improvements other than buildings		08,015		16,640,995		19,349,010	
Machinery and equipment		16,821		665,030		3,181,851	
Total assets		54,154		40,038,353		56,792,507	7,874,242
10121 255615	10,73	54,154		40,030,333		30,792,307	1,014,242
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension outflow	94	49,897		662,242		1,612,139	-
Deferred OPEB outflow	:	37,976		15,476		53,452	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	98	87,873		677,718		1,665,591	-
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	2:	32,665		512,076		744,741	-
Customer security deposits	_	-		399,257		399,257	-
Accrued liabilities		15,440		34,308		49,748	-
Due to other governments		91,293		-		91,293	-
Long-term liabilities:		.,				0.,200	
Due within one year	29	92,779		1,716,314		2,009,093	-
Due in more than one year		88,761		15,442,128		22,530,889	-
Total liabilities		20,938		18,104,083		25,825,021	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflow		98,911		653,190		2,052,101	-
Deferred OPEB inflow		24,595		9,979		34,574	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,42	23,506		663,169		2,086,675	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	8.6	24,559		15,209,990		23,834,549	305,439
Expendable Restricted for:	- , -	,		-,,		-,,	,
Community services		8,929		-		8,929	-
Drug enforcement		2,577		-		2,577	-
PEG capital costs	16	67,958		-		167,958	-
Debt service		55,950		891,829		1,147,779	-
Court costs	2	1,775		-		1,775	
Development projects				-		-	1,467,790
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4)	64,165)		5,847,000		5,382,835	6,101,013
Total Net Position		97,583	\$	21,948,819	\$	30,546,402	\$ 7,874,242
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## Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		P	rogram Revenues		Cha	xpenses) Revenues a anges in Net Position rimary Government		Component Unit
		F	Operating	Capital	PI	nmary Government		Unit
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		SEED
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	MDD
Function/Program Activities	· · ·							
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 1,812,243	\$ 1,810,914	\$-	\$-	\$ (1,329)	\$-\$	(1,329)	\$ -
Public safety	5,631,691	-	447,263	-	(5,184,428)	-	(5,184,428)	-
Public works	1,040,086	8,495	-	-	(1,031,591)	-	(1,031,591)	-
Culture and recreation	1,328,904	389,058	-	744,727	(195,119)	-	(195,119)	-
Community services	544,433	-	183,779	-	(360,654)	-	(360,654)	-
Airport	394,806	125,097	23,622	460,190	214,103	-	214,103	-
Total governmental activities	10,752,163	2,333,564	654,664	1,204,917	(6,559,018)	-	(6,559,018)	-
Business-type Activities:								
Water and wastewater	6,723,079	7,951,268	_	-	_	1,228,188	1,228,188	_
Solid waste management	2,034,359		_	-	_	41,977	41,977	_
Ambulance	2,004,000		135,153			(799,246)	(799,246)	_
Total business-type activities	10,943,628		135,153	-		470,919	470,919	
Total Primary Government	\$ 21,695,791				\$ (6,559,018)		(6,088,099)	\$ -
-		· · · ·	. ,	. , ,		· · · · ·	<u> </u>	
Component Unit:								
SEED - Municipal Development District	1,900,166	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,900,166)
Total component units	\$ 1,900,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-\$	-	\$ (1,900,166)
	General revenue	s:						
	Taxes:							
		s, levied for general p	ourposes		2,494,929	-	2,494,929	-
	Sales tax				2,842,706	-	2,842,706	1,023,708
	Franchise tax				1,201,782	-	1,201,782	-
	Occupancy tax				585,196	-	585,196	-
	Alcohol bevera				9,233	-	9,233	-
	Investment earni				71,203	139,107	210,310	93,909
	Loss on disposal	of property			-	(760,070)	(760,070)	
	Other				956,050	-	956,050	1,508
	Transfers				(552,167)	552,167		
	Total gene	ral revenues, specia	I item and transfe	rs	7,608,932	(68,796)	7,540,136	1,119,125
		Change in net posi	tion		1,049,914	402,123	1,452,037	(781,041)
		Net position - begir	nning		7,547,669	21,546,696	29,094,365	8,655,283
		Net position - endir	nd		\$ 8,597,583	\$ 21,948,819 \$	30,546,402	\$ 7,874,242

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Current cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles Due from other funds Due from other governments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,840,289 582,281 - 328,737 169,733	\$ 1,415,448 - 3,310 18,924 -	\$ 4,255,737 582,281 3,310 347,661 169,733
Total assets	\$ 3,921,040	\$ 1,437,682	\$ 5,358,722
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances Liabilities:			
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Total liabilities	154,288 109,340  263,628	9,123 1,835 91,293 102,251	163,411 111,175 91,293 365,879
Deferred inflow of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes	295,225		295,225
Fund balances: Restricted Committed	169,733	11,506 1,323,925	181,239 1,323,925
Unassigned	3,192,454		3,192,454
Total fund balances	3,362,187	1,335,431	4,697,618
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	\$ 3,921,040	\$ 1,437,682	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stater position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are no resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fu	t financial		7,093,752
Deferred outflows of resources are not reported in the funds.			896,990
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the cu therefore are not reported in the funds.	urrent period and		(6,116,517)
Deferred inflows of resources are not reported in the	(1,260,028)		
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cu and, therefore, are reported as unavalable revenue	295,225		
Internal service funds are used by management to ch central garage and stores as well as employee ber and liabilities of the internal service funds are inclu activities in the statement of net assets.	2,990,543		
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 8,597,583

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 2,464,658	\$-	\$ 2,464,658
Sales	2,842,706	-	2,842,706
Occupancy	-	585,196	585,196
Alcoholic beverage	9,232	-	9,232
Franchise Fees	1,201,782	-	1,201,782
Intergovernmental	942,223	151,329	1,093,552
Charges for services	1,827,697	3,400	1,831,097
Rents and royalties	694,252	-	694,252
Contributions and donations	746,427	32,450	778,877
Licenses and permits	61,525	-	61,525
Investment income	57,134	14,069	71,203
Fines and forfeitures	47,256	-	47,256
Miscellaneous	637,501	17,983	655,484
Total revenues	11,532,393	804,428	12,336,821
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	1,873,355	-	1,873,355
Public safety	5,373,302	-	5,373,302
Public works	1,082,168	-	1,082,168
Culture and recreation	733,256	585,196	1,318,452
Community services	67,115	478,240	545,355
Airport	193,891	-	193,891
Capital outlay:			
General government	82,497	-	82,497
Public safety	392,811	-	392,811
Public works	10,875		10,875
Culture and recreation	756,527		756,527
Airport	473,038	-	473,038
Total expenditures	11,038,836	1,063,436	12,102,272
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	493,557	(259,008)	234,549
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	279,758	279,758
Transfers out	(831,925)	-	(831,925)
Total other financing sources and uses	(831,925)	279,758	(552,167)
Net change in fund balances	(338,368)	20,750	(317,618)
Fund balances - beginning	3,700,555	1,314,681	5,015,236
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,362,187	\$ 1,335,431	\$ 4,697,618

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 25) are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 27)	\$ (317,618)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$1,702,900 exceeded depreciation (\$656,255) in the current year.	1,046,645
Governmental funds report additions and reductions in debt as revenue and expenditures. These payments are reclassified to reduce the long-term liability on the statement of activities.	(52,808)
Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of deferred outflows of resources of \$1,362,690, deferred inflows of resources of \$559,975 and net pension and OPEB liability of (\$2,390,160) associated with pension and other post-employment benefit plans.	(157,368)
Reclassification entries to convert modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, and adjusting current year revenue to show revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, as well as revenue earned on a current year contract yet not available	
in the current year.	30,272
The net gain of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 500,791
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 25)	\$ 1,049,914

#### General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final budget- Positive		
		Original	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		onginar				/ inounto		logativo)
Taxes:								
Property	\$	2,451,434	\$	2,451,434	\$	2,464,658	\$	13,224
Sales	•	2,980,000	+	2,980,000	Ŧ	2,842,706	Ŧ	(137,294)
Alcoholic beverage		10,000		10,000		9,232		(768)
Franchise tax		1,318,054		1,318,054		1,201,782		(116,272)
Intergovernmental		605,420		1,166,420		942,223		(224,197)
Charges for services		1,874,557		1,848,757		1,827,697		(21,060)
Rents and royalties		621,501		621,501		694,252		72,751
Contributions and donations		7,000		751,700		746,427		(5,273)
Licenses and permits		56,000		56,000		61,525		5,525
Investment income		50,000		50,000		57,134		7,134
Fines and forfeitures		63,730		63,730		47,256		(16,474)
Miscellaneous		564,358		570,658		637,501		66,843
Total revenues								
Total revenues		10,602,054		11,888,254		11,532,393		(355,861)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government:								
Mayor and commission		34,944		34,944		31,681		3,263
City administration		475,122		475,122		468,407		6,715
City finance		349,823		349,823		349,094		729
Municipal court		131,750		131,750		133,587		(1,837)
Code enforcement		304,790		304,790		331,631		(26,841)
Non-departmental		526,083		572,783		641,453		(68,670)
Public safety:		020,000		0,. 00		011,100		(00,010)
Police department		3,361,605		3,922,605		3,932,023		(9,418)
Fire department		1,863,616		1,863,616		1,834,091		29,525
Public works:		1,000,010		1,000,010		1,001,001		20,020
Streets and signals		877,646		877,646		925,070		(47,424)
Animal control		159,117		159,117		167,973		(8,856)
Culture and recreation:		100,117		100,117		107,575		(0,000)
Parks and cemetery		550,471		567,571		603,160		(35,589)
Golf course		89,315		89,315		89,955		(640)
Aquatics		164,110		804,211		796,668		7,543
Community services		67,850		67,850		67,115		735
Airport		937,525		937,525		666,929		270,596
Total expenditures		9,893,767		11,158,668		11,038,836		119,832
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		9,093,707		11,130,000		11,030,030		119,032
over (under) expenditures		708.287		729.586		493.557		(236,029)
		100,201		120,000		100,001		(200,020)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		
Transfers out		(755,500)		(857,400)		(831,925)		25,475
Total other financing sources and uses		(755,500)		(857,400)		(831,925)		25,475
Net change in fund balances		(47,213)		(127,814)		(338,368)		(210,554)
Fund holonood hoginging		2 700 555		2 700 555		2 700 555		
Fund balances - beginning	¢	3,700,555	¢	3,700,555	¢	3,700,555	¢	(210 554)
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,653,342	\$	3,572,741	\$	3,362,187	\$	(210,554)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2020

	Busi					
Acceste	Water and Wastewater	Solid Waste Management	Ambulance	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Assets Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,090,815	\$ 690,874	\$ 10,655	\$ 9,792,344	\$ 1,577,858	
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	195,980	
Due from other governments	-	-	166,278	166,278	101	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	1,102,428	283,795	92,908	1,479,131		
Inventories	234,206	203,795	92,900	234,206	- 29,754	
Other assets	-	-	923	923	-	
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,776,230			1,776,230	500,979	
Total current assets	12,203,679	974,669	270,764	13,449,112	2,304,671	
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land	2,097,902	317,856	-	2,415,758	-	
Construction in-progress	567,906	- 108,187	-	567,906	-	
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	13,899,147 36,036,891	62,114	-	14,007,334 36,099,005	145,573 49,726	
Machinery and equipment	4,419,115	980.933	333,024	5,733,072	7,277,577	
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,101,123)	(816,467)	(228,128)	(32,145,718)	(5,364,694)	
Total capital assets ( net of accumulated						
depreciation)	25,919,837	652,623	104,896	26,677,356	2,108,182	
Total assets	38,123,516	1,627,292	375,660	40,126,468	4,412,853	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension Plan	156,869	61,534	443,839	662,242	85,442	
OPEB	11,336	3,702	443,839 438	15,476	5,442 5,441	
Total deferred outflows of resources	168,205	65,236	444,277	677,718	90,883	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	413,963	91,202	6,911	512,076	69,252	
Customer security deposits	399,257	-	-	399,257	-	
Due to other funds	39,769	33,024	15,322	88,115	-	
Accrued interest payable	34,308	-	-	34,308	15,440	
Compensated absences-Current Capital lease payable	5,527	1,723	18,111	25,361	3,475 142,191	
Note payable	-	- 40,975	4,699	- 45.674	75,300	
Bond obligations-Current	1,645,279		4,035	1,645,279		
Total current liabilities	2,538,103	166,924	45,043	2,750,070	305,658	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	49,738	15,511	162,998	228,247	31,260	
Net pension liability	932,727	335,630	2,856,369	4,124,726	367,308	
OPEB liability	92,460	29,971	3,475	125,906	40,575	
Landfill post-closure Capital lease payable	-	302,435	-	302,435	- 604,914	
Note payable	-	-	- 9,398	- 9,398	- 004,914	
Bond obligations	10,651,416	-	-	10,651,416	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,726,341	683,547	3,032,240	15,442,128	1,044,057	
Total liabilities	14,264,444	850,471	3,077,283	18,192,198	1,349,715	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pension Plan	332,074	107,717	213,399	653,190	160,179	
OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	7,220	2,480	279 213,678	9,979	3,299	
	339,294	110,197	213,078	663,169	163,478	
Net Position	14 507 540	611 610	00 700	15 200 000	1 520 900	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service (expendable)	14,507,543 891,829	611,648	90,799	15,209,990 891,829	1,530,806 255,950	
Unrestricted	8,288,611	- 120,212	- (2,561,823)	5,847,000	1,203,787	
Total net position	\$ 23,687,983	\$ 731,860	\$ (2,471,024)	\$ 21,948,819	\$ 2,990,543	
	· · · · ·	·		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Bus				
	Water and Wastewater	Solid Waste Management	Ambulance	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:		0			
Charges for sales and services:					
Water sales	\$ 5,321,960	\$-	\$-	\$ 5,321,960	\$-
Sewer charges	2,529,596	-	-	2,529,596	-
Delinquent penalties	13,532	-	-	13,532	-
Water and sewer taps	18,600	-	-	18,600	-
Other charges for services	-	2,072,834	1,250,951	3,323,785	4,497,305
Miscellaneous income	67,580	3,502	135,993	207,075	22,150
Total operating income	7,951,268	2,076,336	1,386,944	11,414,548	4,519,455
Operating expenses:					
Personal services	1,817,143	664,978	1,342,246	3,824,367	907,301
Supplies	562,364	244,645	332,867	1,139,876	33,774
Other services and charges	2,644,877	1,091,389	491,316	4,227,582	2,682,271
Depreciation	1,533,256	29,933	19,453	1,582,642	406,833
Total operating expenses	6,557,640	2,030,945	2,185,882	10,774,467	4,030,180
Operating income (loss)	1,393,628	45,391	(798,938)	640,081	489,276
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest income	123,934	12,012	3,161	139,107	17,055
Gain on disposal of property	-	-	-	-	14,158
Interest expense	(165,439)	(3,414)	(308)	(169,161)	(19,698)
Loss on disposal of property	(760,070)			(760,070)	
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(801,575)	8,598	2,853	(790,124)	11,515
Net income (loss) before transfers	592,052	53,989	(796,085)	(150,044)	500,791
Transfers in	-	-	552,167	552,167	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-
Change in net position	592,052	53,989	(243,918)	402,123	500,791
Total net position - beginning	23,095,931	677,871	(2,227,106)	21,546,696	2,489,752
Total net position - ending	\$ 23,687,983	\$ 731,860	\$ (2,471,024)	\$ 21,948,819	\$ 2,990,543

## Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental			
		Water and Vastewater		olid Waste anagement	A	mbulance	Totals	Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers and users	\$	7,947,216	\$	2,084,630	\$	1,340,044	\$ 11,371,890	\$ -
Receipts from interfund services provided		-		-		-	-	4,519,455
Payments to suppliers Payments for claims		2,982,091		1,295,088		820,816	5,097,995	859,937 1,971,171
Payments to employees		- 1,837,963		- 677,170		- 1,088,986	- 3,604,119	924,758
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,127,162		112,372		(569,758)	2,669,776	763,589
1 , 1 3		-, , -		,-				
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities								
Transfers between funds		-		-		552,167	552,167	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital						550 407	FF0 407	
financing activities		-		-	-	552,167	552,167	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Debt issuance		-		-		-	-	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital obligations		(1,332,301) (1,515,000)		(38,560) (96,484)		- (4,699)	(1,370,861) (1,616,183)	(103,770) (73,394)
Proceeds from sale of assets		(1,515,000)		(90,404)		(4,099)	(1,010,103)	(23,273)
Interest and paying agent fees		(290,532)		(3,414)		(308)	(294,254)	(19,698)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and								<u>,                                 </u>
related financing activities		(3,137,833)		(138,459)		(5,007)	(3,281,299)	(220,135)
Orale Flaure Frankling Articities								
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest and dividends received		102 024		12 012		3,161	139,107	17,055
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		123,934 123,934		12,012 12,012		3,161	139,107	17,055
		120,001		12,012		0,101	100,101	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	S	113,262		(14,075)		(19,437)	79,750	560,508
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		10,753,783		704,949		30,092	11,488,824	1,471,782
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	10,867,045	\$	690,874	\$	10,655	\$ 11,568,574	\$ 2,032,290
As reported on balance sheet:								
Cash	\$	9,090,815	\$	690,874	\$	10,655	\$ 9,792,344	\$ 1,577,858
Restricted Cash	Ψ	1,776,230	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	1,776,230	500,979
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	10,867,045	\$	690,874	\$	10,655	\$ 11,568,574	\$ 2,078,837
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)		1,393,628		45,391		(798,938)	640,081	489,276
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		1,000,020		40,001		(190,900)	040,001	403,210
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		1,533,256		29,933		19,453	1,582,642	406,833
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(12,148)		8,294		49,204	45,350	-
(Increase) in due from other governments		-		-		(96,104)	(96,104)	(22)
(Increase) in due from other funds (Increase) in other assets		-		-		- 307	- 307	(8,345)
(Increase) in other assets (Increase) decrease in inventories		- (29,344)		-			(29,344)	- 3,875
(Increase) decrease in deferred outlows of resources		279,847		94,931		512,295	887,073	132,191
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		265,200		45,704		(3,644)	307,260	(126,012)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		-		-		-	-	15,440
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		8,096		-		-	8,096	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		8,477		(3,379)		24,456	29,554	5,529
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(607,817)		(203,973)		(316,659)	(1,128,449)	(305,081)
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in landfill post-closure		15,530		5,211 5,348		606	21,347 5,348	7,787
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(526)		(10,106)		- 6,705	(3,927)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable		(10,181)		-		-	(10,181)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		283,143		95,018		32,562	410,723	142,117
Total adjustments		1,733,533		66,981		229,181	2,029,693	274,312
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,127,162	\$	112,372	\$	(569,758)	\$ 2,669,775	\$ 763,589

Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets via capital lease

\$ 747,105

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. <u>General Statement</u>

The City of Sweetwater, Texas, is a municipal corporation incorporated under Article IX, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Texas (Home Rule Amendment). The enabling legislation for home rule cities is Article 1175 V.A.T.C.S. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides such services as are authorized by its charter to advance welfare, health, morale, comfort, safety, and convenience of the City and its inhabitants.

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's combined financial statements include the accounts of all City operations.

**Discretely presented component unit.** The Sweetwater Enterprise for Economic Development – Municipal Development District (SEED-MDD) is a legally separate nonprofit corporation. It is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and the City, created in accordance with Chapter 377 of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended (the "Act"), and other applicable laws. SEED-MDD was created for the purpose of developing and financing all development projects as that term is defined in Section 377.001(3) of the ACT, as amended (a "Development Project"). The City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board. The City is able to impose its will on the organization and SEED-MDD has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City.

Condensed statements of the discretely presented component units are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities in separate component unit columns.

Financial statements for SEED-MDD may be obtained by writing the City's finance office in City Hall at 200 East 4<sup>th</sup> Street, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.

Related Organizations. The Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (the "Fund") is established and controlled through various State of Texas legislative enactments. The Fund is administered locally by a seven-member board, independent of the City Council. City management does not influence or control the Fund, and the City is not financially accountable for the fund. The seven-member board of Trustees, composed of the Mayor (or designee) and City Comptroller (or designee), three firefighters elected by majority vote of firefighters, and two citizens who must be appointed unanimously by the first five trustees, are subject to the administrative supervision of and report to the State Firemen's Pension Commissioner. The Pension Fund is funded by specified rate of contributions from both the firefighters (17%) and City (18%). As provided by enabling legislation, the City's responsibility to the Fund is limited to matching semi-monthly contributions made by the members at specified rates governed by the Plan Document. Changes in the members' or the City's contribution rate requires a plan amendment. Title to assets is vested in the Fund and the City. The Texas State Pension Review Board is mandated to oversee all Texas public retirement systems in regard to their actuarial soundness and compliance with state law. The activities of the Firemen's Relief and Retirement fund are not a part of the City and thus are excluded from the accompanying financial statements. Separate audited financial statements may be obtained from the Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund or from the City.

The Housing Authority of the City of Sweetwater, Texas (the Authority), created October 10, 1949, is a political sub-division of the State of Texas pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas, particularly the Housing Authorities Law, and Texas Civil Statutes (now codified as Chapter 392 of the Local Government Code.) The Authority was authorized by a duly adopted and proper resolution of the City of Sweetwater City Council to transact business and exercise its powers under the Housing Authorities Law. The purpose of the Authority is to, among other things, undertake activities, including the construction, maintenance, or operation of decent, safe, and sanitary housing for persons of low income in the City of Sweetwater, Texas. The Authority was also organized to administer and receive grant funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Development (HUD) for the benefit of these low-income persons. The Authority, through its component unit the Sweetwater Housing Development Corporation (SHDC) can issue revenue bonds for the construction of Section 8 housing. The component unit SHDC shares the same governing board. The powers of the Authority are vested in the commissioners of the Authority, who are appointed by the City Council. However, the City is not financially accountable for the Authority, because the Authority's operations are subsidized by the federal government, it sets its own budget subject to federal approval, sets its rental rate, and it can issue debt in its own name. The City is not responsible for deficits or liabilities of the Authority or its component unit, SHDC. The operations of the Authority are not a part of the City and thus are excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

The City Council is responsible for appointing some members to various other boards of organizations, but the City's accountability for those organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

#### C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of Interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. (The City's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are noncurrent.) The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

*Special Revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or funds with restrictions imposed by the governing body.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *water and wastewater fund* accounts for the activities of the City. The City of Sweetwater supplies water to city residents, some smaller municipalities, and a non-profit corporation; disposal of wastewater is primarily limited to the citizens of Sweetwater.

The solid waste management fund provides solid waste collection and disposal within the City.

The ambulance fund provides emergency medical services for all of Nolan County.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

*Internal service funds* account for central garage and stores, information technology services performed for other departments, as well as employee benefits provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's general fund and the private purpose trust fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise fund and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### E. Budgetary Control

The City Charter establishes the fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning October 1. The departments submit to the City Manager a budget of estimated expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year after which the City Manager subsequently submits a budget of estimated expenditures and revenues to the City Council by August 15. Governmental funds with legally adopted budgets are the General Operating fund, Senior Nutrition Activities Program, Hotel and Motel fund, and the Cemetery Perpetual Care fund.

Upon receipt of the budget estimates, the Council holds a first reading on the Budget Ordinance and Tax Roll Ordinance. Information about the Budget Ordinance is then published in the official newspaper of the City. The Council is precluded from passing the Budget Ordinance (second reading) until ten days have passed after the Ordinance Publication and after the first Monday in September.

Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted or is amended by the City Council on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

There was one amendment passed this past year and it is material in relation to the original appropriations which were adopted. This amendment increased revenue by \$1,286,200 and increased expenditures by \$1,366,801 in the general fund. The revenue accounts were increased for Coronavirus Relief Funds in the amount of \$561,000 and \$744,700 for funds received from SEED-MDD for the construction of a splash pad. The fund expenditure accounts associated with these amendments were the police department for the grant expenditures and the Aquatics department for the construction of the splash pad. The same budget amendment adjusted other funds, but these amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were adopted.

#### F. Cash and Investments

Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, but excluding the payroll fund, employee benefit, SEED-MDD, drug enforcement, debt service funds, and construction funds are pooled into one common pooled account in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has an equity interest therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. An individual fund's pooled Cash and Cash Investments are available upon demand and are considered to be "cash equivalents" when preparing these financial statements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds consider all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

#### G. Prepaid Items

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the City in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

#### H. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories are controlled and reported by an Internal Service Fund as well as the Water and Wastewater Fund. Most purchases, other than water and wastewater purchases, are recorded

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

as inventory in the Internal Service Fund, and are recorded as an expenditure or expense in the appropriate fund when issued. The Internal Service Fund is then reimbursed through an interfund transfer.

Airport fuel is recorded using the purchases method through the general fund. Inventories still on hand at year-end are recorded in the years the amount is considered significant.

#### I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds".

#### J. Restricted Assets

The City has funds with the following restricted cash and cash equivalents:

General Fund	\$	169,733
Internal Service Fund	\$	500,979
Water and Wastewater Fund	\$ 1	,776,230

Monies received from a state issued franchise, which includes a one-percent fee are restricted for capital costs related to public, educational, and governmental (PEG) channels. These funds were \$167,958 at year-end. The general fund has restricted funds for local court costs in the amount of \$1,775. Certain resources set aside for enterprise fund and internal service fund debt repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in a separate bank account and their use is limited by applicable debt covenants. This restricted cash balance in the enterprise funds was \$891,829 at year-end, and \$255,950 in the internal service fund. The City has funds restricted for construction from their 2016 bond issue in the amount of \$884,401. These funds will be used for improvements to the City's waterworks system. Lastly, the City's Central Garage and Stores Internal Service Fund has \$245,029 restricted in a US Bank Escrow account for capital outlay related to a capital lease project.

#### K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Vehicles	3 – 5
Machinery and Equipment	6 – 30
Buildings	40 - 60
Improvements	27.5 – 60

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### L. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is not liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements and each governmental fund will liquidate their obligation.

#### M. Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. The same is true for the Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (FRR). For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Each fund is responsible for liquidating their share of net pension liability.

#### Total OPEB Liability

For purposes of measuring Total OPEB Liability (TOL) and deferred outflows of resources and OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. The City reports as a member municipality of the Supplemental Death Benefit Fund (SDBF).

#### N. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category; the deferred outflow related to pension and the deferred outflow related to OPEB. Both of these are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, Proprietary fund financial statements, and Internal Service fund financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The deferred inflow is reclassified to revenue on the government-wide financial statements. The second is the deferred inflow related to pensions reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, Proprietary fund financial statements, and Internal Service fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

The components of the City's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

			Total			
	Governmental	Water and	Solid Waste			Primary
	Activities	Wastewater	Management	Ambulance	Total	Government
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Pension activities TMRS	\$ 582,325	\$ 156,869	\$ 61,534	\$ 5,855	\$ 224,258	\$ 806,583
Pension activities FRR	367,572	-	-	437,984	437,984	805,556
OPEB activities	37,976	11,336	3,702	438	15,476	53,452
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 987,873	\$ 168,205	\$ 65,236	\$ 444,277	\$ 677,718	\$ 1,665,591
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Pension activities TMRS	\$ 1,104,374	\$ 332,074	\$ 107,717	\$ 12,769	\$ 452,560	\$ 1,556,934
Pension activities FRR	294,537	-	-	200,630	200,630	495,167
OPEB activities	24,595	7,220	2,480	279	9,979	34,574
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,423,506	\$ 339,294	\$ 110,197	\$ 213,678	\$ 663,169	\$2,086,675

#### O. Payments Between the City and Component Units

Resource flows (except those that affect the statement of net position/balance sheet only, such as loans and repayments) between a primary government and its discretely presented component units are reported as external transactions – that is, as revenues and expenses.

#### P. Nature and Purpose of Classifications of Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

*Restricted* - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

*Committed* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

*Unassigned* - all other spendable amounts. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

As of September 30, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted:			
PEG capital costs	\$ 167,958	\$-	\$ 167,958
Court costs	1,775	-	1,775
Drug enforcement	-	2,577	2,577
Senior nutrition program	-	8,929	8,929
Committed:			
Cemetery care	-	1,323,925	1,323,925
Unassigned Fund Balances	3,192,454	-	3,192,454
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,362,187</u>	<u>\$ 1,335,431</u>	<u>\$ 4,697,618</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Q. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The General Fund unrestricted fund balance should be at least 25% of the General Fund annual expenditures. This percentage is the equivalent of 92 days expenditures. The circumstances in which the unrestricted balance can be "spent down" include unforeseen revenue shortfalls, unpredicted one-time expenditures or a deliberate spending of accumulated funds in the Committed or Assigned fund balance categories. The balances would be replenished with budgetary measures in the following fiscal year as appropriate.

#### R. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, the net position is reported in three components: (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted; and (3) unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents the City's total investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net position of the primary government reported restricted net position of \$2,652,943, of which \$172,310 of net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### (2) Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### Cash Deposits:

At September 30, 2020, the City's deposits were not fully secured at year-end as required by the state statutes. The deposits of the component unit were fully secured by Federal Depository Insurance and pledged assets. At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits totaled \$18,072,881 and its component unit's carrying amount of deposits totaled \$7,533,001. The respective bank balances totaled \$18,382,805 and \$7,533,162.

Of the City's First Financial Bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The pledged collateral had a market value of \$16,773,981, this left First Financial Bank deposits of \$229,394 unsecured at year-end. The deposits were only unsecure for the month of September 2020. The component unit's bank balances were fully covered by Federal Depository Insurance in the amount of \$250,000 with the balance covered by pledged securities. The collateral is held by First Financial Bank of Abilene, Texas. All collateral is in the City's or SEED-MDD's name under a joint safekeeping agreement with Frost National Bank.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### Investments:

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the City. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The City did not have any investments at September 30, 2020.

#### (3) Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Water Wastewater Fund	Solid Waste Management	Ambulance Fund	Total
Receivables:					
Accounts	\$ 201,191	\$1,132,110	\$ 292,579	\$ 319,790	\$ 1,945,670
Taxes	396,628	-	-	-	396,628
Gross Receivables	597,819	1,132,110	292,579	319,790	2,342,298
Less: allowance for					
uncollectibles	(15,538)	(29,682)	(8,784)	(226,882)	(280,886)
Net total receivables	\$ 582,281	\$1,102,428	\$ 283,795	\$ 92,908	\$ 2,061,412

Intergovernmental receivables are classified separately in the accompanying financial statements. All significant receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

## (4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning		-	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 178,332	\$-	\$ -	\$ 178,332
Construction in-progress	156,214	460,190	(616,404)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	334,546	460,190	(616,404)	178,332
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	7,728,299	94,297	(72,276)	7,750,320
Improvements other than buildings	7,258,768	1,406,283	-	8,665,051
Machinery and equipment	9,176,486	1,209,409	(1,101,030)	9,284,864
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,163,552	2,709,989	(1,173,306)	25,700,235
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(3,747,927)	(275,902)	72,276	(3,951,554)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,658,658)	(298,378)	-	(5,957,036)
Machinery and equipment	(7,371,151)	(488,808)	1,091,915	(6,768,044)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,777,735)	(1,063,088)	1,164,191	(16,676,633)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,385,817	1,646,901	(9,115)	9,023,602
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,720,363	\$ 2,107,091	\$ (625,519)	\$ 9,201,934
Business-type activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,415,757	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,415,757
Construction in-progress	3,244,440	1,192,202	(3,868,736)	567,906
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,660,197	1,192,202	(3,868,736)	2,983,663
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and system	13,636,617	1,970,718	(1,600,000)	14,007,335
Improvements other than buildings	34,131,655	2,076,677	(109,328)	36,099,004
Machinery and equipment	5,736,168	-	(3,097)	5,733,071
Total capital assets being depreciated	53,504,441	4,047,395	(1,712,425)	55,839,410
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and system	(8,068,822)	(390,776)	839,930	(7,619,668)
Improvements other than buildings	(18,517,297)	(1,050,040)	109,328	(19,458,009)
Machinery and equipment	(10,917,297) (4,929,311)	(1,030,040) (141,827)	3,097	(5,068,041)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,582,642)		
	(31,515,430)		952,355	(32,145,718)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Business-type activities capital assets, net	21,989,010 \$ 27,649,207	<u>2,464,753</u> \$ 3,656,955	<u>(760,070)</u> \$ (4,628,806)	23,693,692 \$ 26,677,356
บนอกเธออ-เม่นธ์ สดเททแธง เสมเสา สองย์เรี, ที่ยี่เ	ψ ΖΙ,049,201	φ 3,030,933	φ (4,020,000)	ψ 20,077,330

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 48,541
Public safety	294,293
Public works	30,075
Culture and recreation	55,145
Community services	22,848
Airport	205,353
Internal Service	406,833
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$1,063,088
Business-type activities:	
Water and Wastewater	\$1,533,256
Solid waste management	29,934
Ambulance	19,453
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$1,582,643

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Activity for SEED-MDD for the year ended September 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 305,439	\$ <u>-</u>	\$-	\$ 305,439
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	305,439		-	305,439
Capital assets, being depreciated: Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>572,000</u> 572,000	<u> </u>	(572,000) (572,000)	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net SEED-MDD capital assets, net	(90,567) (90,567) 451,433 \$ 786,872	(7,150) (7,150) (7,150) \$ (7,150)	97,717 97,717 (474,283) \$ (474,283)	- - - \$ 305,439

#### (5) Long-Term Obligations

At September 30, 2020, notes payable, capital lease payable and bonds consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Note payable to First Financial Bank for the purchase of ISF vehicles, Dated April 2017 in the amount of \$290,000 due in annual installments through April 5, 2021, bearing an interest rate of 2.875%	<u>\$ 75,300</u>
US Bank capital lease payable, dated November 2019 in the amount Of \$747,105 due in annual installments through November 2024, bearing an interest rate of 2.48%	747,105

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

2014 Combination Tax & Surplus Revenue Certificates of Obligation, dated January 1, 2014 for \$1,935,000 due in annual installments through August 15, 2033, bearing interest rates of 0% to 2.78%.	1,365,000
2015 Combination Tax & Revenue Refunding Bonds, dated May 1, 2015 for \$8,480,000 due in annual installments through August 15, 2025, bearing interest rates of 2% to 3.5%.	6,475,000
2016 Combination Tax & Revenue Certificates of Obligation, dated July 15, 2016 for \$5,000,000 due in annual installments through August 15, 2036, bearing interest rates of 0% to 0.8%. Total Bonds Payable	4,020,000 <u>\$ 11,860,000</u>
Note payable to First Financial Bank for the purchase of Refuse fund equipment dated March 13, 2018. Payable in monthly Installments through March 2021, bearing interest of 3.65%	\$ 40,975
Note payable to Stryker Flex Financial for the purchase of Emergency Medical Service equipment dated January 23, 2019. Payable in annual installments through January 2023, imputed interest rate of 2.30%. Total Notes Payable	<u> </u>

All three bond issues constitute direct obligations of the City secured by a pledge of ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property located within the City, within the limits prescribed by law. The Certificates are additionally secured by a first lien pledge of the Net Revenues of the Water and Wastewater System. If the City has sufficient surplus revenues set aside and available in advance of the time when ad valorem taxes are scheduled to be levied for any year, they have the option of reducing the required tax levy required to be deposited in the interest and sinking fund. The City has chosen to set aside adequate surplus water revenues, thus reducing the required ad valorem tax requirement to zero. The City has not adopted an interest and sinking tax rate and considers all debt to be enterprise fund debt to be repaid by enterprise fund revenue. Net Revenues consist of the gross revenues of the system less the expenses of operation and maintenance of the system to render adequate service to the users.

There are two notes to First Financial Bank which are public property finance act contracts. One is for the purchase of a 963 Caterpillar loader for the landfill and refuse department use. The second is for police vehicles purchased by the internal service fund. These notes require payments into a payment fund if the payments are unpaid. Such revenues and funds in an amount sufficient to make the payments are pledged to First Financial Bank and their successors and assigns for such purpose as the same shall become due and payable under the Finance Contracts.

The note to Stryker Flex Financial is for the purchase of ambulance equipment. No interest and sinking fund is required and the equipment is collateral on the loan. This is a seller financed note with a stated interest rate of 0%. The City has imputed an interest rate of 2.30%.

The capital lease to US Bancorp is for the purchase of equipment for the internal service fund to be used by various departments within the City. Leased equipment under capital leases in capital assets is \$502,296 with accumulated depreciation of \$24,176. US Bancorp is holding \$244,809 in an escrow fund for a brush truck that was still being built to the City's specifications at year-end. Amortization of leased equipment under capital assets in included in depreciation in the internal service fund.

The City is in compliance with all significant financial requirements as of September 30, 2020.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### **Changes in Outstanding Obligations**

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Balance September 30,	New Issue or	Payments or	Balance September 30,	Due Within
	2019	Additions	Expenditures	2020	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Note payable	\$ 148,694	\$-	\$ 73,394	\$ 75,300	\$ 75,300
Capital lease	-	747,105	-	747,105	142,191
Net pension liability	7,908,072	-	2,399,999	5,508,073	-
Total OPEB liability	244,651	53,528	-	298,179	-
Compensated Absences	694,546	65,433	7,096	752,883	75,288
Total Governmental Activities	\$8,995,963	\$ 866,066	\$2,480,489	\$ 7,381,540	\$ 292,779
Business-type Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	7,650,000	-	1,175,000	6,475,000	1,210,000
Certificates of Obligation	5,725,000	-	340,000	5,385,000	340,000
Bond premium	561,789	-	125,094	436,695	95,279
Total bonds payable	13,936,789	-	1,640,094	12,296,695	1,645,279
Landfill post-closure	297,087	5,348	-	302,435	-
Net pension liability	5,253,175	-	1,128,449	4,124,726	-
Total OPEB liability	104,559	21,347	-	125,906	-
Notes payable	156,255	-	101,183	55,072	45,674
Compensated Absences	224,054	32,933	3,379	253,608	25,361
Total Business-type Activities	\$19,971,919	\$ 59,628	\$2,873,105	\$17,158,442	\$ 1,716,314

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. Compensated absences and net pension obligations that pertain to internal service employees will be liquidated by Central Garage and Stores fund. For the other governmental activities, compensated absences and net pension obligations are mainly liquidated by the general fund.

#### Annual Requirements to Retire Debt Obligations

The annual aggregate maturities for the years subsequent to September 30, 2020 are as follows:

_	Governmental Activities				
				Minimum	
Year Ending	N	lote Payable		Lease	
September 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total	Payments	
2021	\$ 75 300	\$ 2,286	\$ 77,586	\$ 160,719	
2022	-	-	-	160,719	
2023	-	-	-	160,719	
2024	-	-	-	160,719	
2025		-		<u>160,719</u>	
Total Note	<u>\$ 75,300</u>	<u>\$ 2,286</u>	<u>\$ 77,586</u>		
	Total Minimum Lease Payments \$ 803,597 Less: Interest   56,492				
Presen	ent Value of Minimum Lease Payments \$ 747,105				

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Year Ending	<u>Busines</u>	Business-Type Activities		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	1,595,674	266,824	1,862,498	
2022	1,594,699	229,169	1,823,868	
2023	1,639,699	184,165	1,823,864	
2024	1,680,000	137,358	1,817,358	
2025	1,730,000	88,682	1,818,682	
2026 - 2030	1,780,000	157,702	1,937,702	
2031 - 2035	1,635,000	57,185	1,692,185	
2036	260,000	2,080	262,080	
	<u>\$11,915,072</u>	<u>\$ 1,123,165</u>	<u>\$13,038,237</u>	

#### **Default Provisions**

Default provisions on the First Financial Bank notes that are Public Property Finance Act Contracts are the same. First Financial Bank may proceed against the City by mandamus or other suit, action or special proceeding in equity or at law. No party shall have the right to declare the balance of the contract payments to be immediately due and payable nor is there a right to accelerate the debt.

The Stryker Flex Financial provisions are that upon default, Stryker may declare the entire balance of unpaid payments for full term immediately due and payable.

#### **Restricted Asset Account for Debt**

Below is a summary of the business-type restricted asset account for debt:

Bond Accrued Interest Payable	\$ 34,308
Current Maturities of Bonds	 857,521
Total Interest and Sinking Fund	\$ 891,829

#### **Direct Interest**

The bonds listed in note (5) were issued for the creation or continuing existence of specific programs for the City's water and wastewater system. Interest on those bonds is reported in the water and wastewater fund as direct expenses on the Statement of Activities.

#### (6) Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets is composed of the following:

	Capital <u>Assets - Net</u>	Related <u>Debt</u>	Unspent Debt Proceeds	Total
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities:	<u>\$   9,201,935</u>	<u>\$ 822,405</u>	<u>\$ 245,029</u>	<u>\$ 8,624,559</u>
Water and Wastewater Fund	25,919,837	12,296,695	884,401	14,507,543
Solid Waste Management	652,623	40,975	-	611,648
Ambulance Fund	104,896	14,097	-	90,799
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 26,677,356</u>	<u>\$ 12,351,767</u>	<u>\$ 884,401</u>	<u>\$ 15,209,990</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### (7) Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied and becomes a lien each October 1, on 100 percent of assessed value listed for all real and personal property located in the City as of the prior January 1. Assessed values are established by the Nolan County Central Appraisal District and certified by the Board of Review.

The City is permitted by Article II, Section 5 of the State of Texas constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. Taxes are due on the levy date and are delinquent on January 31, following the October 1, levy date. Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2020 were 95 percent of the tax levy.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available means collected within the current period and the amount expected to be collected soon after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period not to exceed 60 days. The amount of taxes collected in the balance of taxes receivable, net of allowance, is recorded as deferred revenue.

Beginning in 1982, the Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the Appraisal District on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised market value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the Appraisal District must be reviewed every four years; however, the City may at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised values. The City may challenge appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation the City continues to set tax rates on City property. However, if the effective tax rates, excluding tax rates for bonds and other contractual obligations, adjusted for new improvements, exceeds the rate for the previous year by more than 8 percent, qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than 8 percent above the calculated tax rate of the previous year levy and the current year valuation.

#### (8) Employee Retirement Systems Texas Municipal Retirement System

#### **Plan Description**

The City participates as one of 888 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <u>www.tmrs.com</u>. All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### Vesting and Retirement Eligibility

TMRS members vest after 5 years of service. If a vested member leaves covered employment before reaching retirement eligibility, the member may leave his or her deposits with TMRS, earn interest on the deposits, and, upon reaching age 60, apply for and receive a monthly retirement payment. A member becomes eligible for service retirement based on various combinations of age and service, depending on which provisions have been adopted by the employing municipality. The City of Sweetwater has adopted a 5 yrs/age 60, 25 yrs/any age provision for their service retirement eligibilities.

#### Cost of Living adjustments

Cost-of-living adjustments are calculated at 1% for a recurring COLA and .90% for a No Recurring COLA.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	83
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	38
Active employees	<u>111</u>
Total	<u>232</u>

#### Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Sweetwater were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 17.65% and 17.73% in calendar years 2019 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2020 were \$1,052,211 and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The city's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Genderdistinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four- year period December 31, 2014 through December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Global Equity	30.0%	5.30%
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.25%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	4.14%
Real Return	10.0%	3.85%
Real estate	10.0%	4.00%
Absolute Return	10.0%	3.48%
Private Equity	<u>10.0%</u>	7.75%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total	Plan	
	Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension
	Liability	Position	Liability
	[a]	[b]	[a] – [b]
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$ 33,677,214	\$ 26,460,464	\$ 7,216,750
Changes for the year:	φ 00,077,211	φ 20, 100, 101	φ <i>1</i> ,210,700
Service cost	973,702	-	973,702
Interest	2,244,948	-	2,244,948
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	(665,254)	-	(665,254)
Changes in assumptions	40,035	-	40,035
Contributions – employer	-	1,043,464	(1,043,464)
Contributions – employee	-	413,838	(413,838)
Net investment income	-	4,090,589	(4,090,589)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(1,811,161 )	(1,811,161)	-
Administrative expense	-	(23,115)	23,115
Other changes		(694)	694
Net changes	\$ 782,270	\$ 3,712,921	\$ (2,930,651)
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 34,459,484	\$ 30,173,385	\$ 4,286,099
	÷ = 1, 196, 101	+ , 0,000	+ 1,200,000

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Discount	
	rate	Net pension liability
1% decrease	5.75%	\$ 8,849,312
Current discount rate	6.75%	\$ 4,286,099
1% increase	7.75%	\$ 526,370

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at *www.tmrs.com*.

## Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the city recognized pension expense of \$868,182. At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

	Def	erred		
	Outfl	ows of	Defer	red Inflows
	Reso	ources	of R	esources
Difference between projected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	628,089
Changes in actuarial assumptions		29,609		-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		-		928,847
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		776,976		-
Total	\$	806,585	\$	1,556,936

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement dates of \$776,976 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2020 (i.e. recognized in the city's financial statements September 30, 2021).

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Dec		
31:			
2020		\$	(540,096)
2021			(463,805)
2022			(62,523)
2023			(460,903)
2024			-
Thereafter			
	Total	<u>\$ (</u>	1,527,327)

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The city elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other postemployment benefit" or OPEB. Membership in the plan at December 31, 2019, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	56
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	13
Active employees	<u>111</u>
	180

#### Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

The City's Total OPEB Liability (TOL), as of December 31, 2019 was calculated as follows:

Total OPEB Liability – beginning of year Changes for the year:	Total OPEB Liability \$ 349,209
Service cost	15,962
Interest on total OPEB liability	13,175
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	(17,662)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	67,538
Benefit payments	(4,138)
Net changes	74,875
Total OPEB liability – end of year	\$ 424,084

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing on-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree life insurance during employees' entire careers. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

#### The assumptions are summarized below:

	Inflation	2.5% per year
	Salary increases	3.5% to 11.5% including inflation
	Discount rate* Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	2.75% \$0
	Administrative expenses Pension Trust	All administrative expenses are paid through the
		and accounted for under reporting requirements under
GASB		
	Mortality rates – service retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
	Mortality rates – disabled retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

\* The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### The SDBF required contribution rates, based on these assumptions, are as follows:

	Total SDBF Contribution	Retiree Portion of SDBF Contribution
	Rate	Rate
For the Plan Year Ended		
2020	0.24%	0.07%
2019	0.26%	0.07%
2018	0.23%	0.07%

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.75%, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

	Discount rate	Total OPEB liability
1% decrease	1.75%	\$ 506,387
Current discount rate	2.75%	\$ 424,084
1% increase	3.75%	\$ 358,958

The City's Total OPEB expense as of December 31, 2019 was calculated as follows:

Service cost	\$ 15,962
Interest on total OPEB liability	13,175
Employer administrative costs	-
Recognition of deferred outflows/inflows of resources;	
Differences between expected and actual	
experience	(10,441)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs <sup>1</sup>	14,408
Total OPEB expense	\$ 33,104

<sup>1.</sup> Generally, this will only be the annual change in the municipal bond index rate. However, for this valuation, the changes in assumption also include the changes in the actuarial assumptions adopted in 2019.

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

#### OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the city recognized OPEB expense of \$33,104. The City also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	34,574
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		50,823		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,629		-
Total	\$	53,452	\$	34,574

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$2,629 will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the measurement year ending December 31, 2020 (i.e. recognized in the city's financial statements September 30, 2021).

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending Dec 31:	Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources
2020	\$ 3,967
2021	3,862
2022	(1,152)
2023	9,572
2024	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 16,249

## Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund Plan Description

The Board of Trustees is the administrator of the Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is an independent entity for financial reporting purposes. The city of Sweetwater, Texas is the only contributing employer. Members of the fund also contribute to the plan. The plan covers current and former fire fighters of the City of Sweetwater, Texas as well as certain beneficiaries of former fire fighters. The plan is open to new entrants. The plan's benefit provisions are established under the authority of the Texas Local Fire Fighters Retirement Act (TLFFRA). Specific plan provisions are governed by a plan document executed by the Board of Trustees. The fund was established November 3, 1941 and was most recently amended August 1, 2017. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. The report is available by writing P.O. Box 450, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.

#### Authority for the Fund and Definitions

The Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund is established under the authority of the Texas Local Fire Fighter's Retirement Act (TLFFRA). The fund is administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board is made up of three members elected from and by the fund's members, two representatives of the City of Sweetwater, Texas, and two citizen members.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

The City of Sweetwater contributes 18% of each member's total pay (including regular, longevity and overtime pay, but excluding lump sum distributions for unused sick leave, or vacation) and members contributed 17%.

Employee contributions are "picked up" by the City, as permitted under Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. For this reason, a member's contributions are excluded from taxable income when paid into the fund.

Fund members receive credit for service for the period during which they pay into, and keep on deposit in the fund, the contributions required by the fund. Service is also granted for certain periods during which a member received disability benefits from the fund; however, service granted during periods of disability is limited to the amount of service, if any, needed to bring a member's service up to 20 years.

Retirement, death, disability, and termination benefits are calculated based upon a member's average monthly salary for the highest 3 years, of the 72 consecutive pay periods which will produce the highest average.

#### Eligibility

All active employees of the Fire Department of the City of Sweetwater, Texas, are members of the Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund.

#### Service Retirement Benefits

A member is eligible for service retirement upon termination of credited service after completion of 20 years of service and attainment of age 50. A member who retires under the service retirement provisions of the fund will receive a monthly benefit equal to the sum of a. and b., below, where:

- a. Members starting service before August 1, 2017 equals 3.95% of the member's high threeyear average monthly salary multiplied by his years of service, not in excess of 20. Members starting service after August 1, 2017 equals 3.5% of the member's high five-year average monthly salary multiplied by his year of service, not in excess of 20, and
- b. Equals \$50.00 per month for each year of service in excess of 20.

Service retirement benefits are payable for the member's lifetime. In the event the member's death precedes that of his spouse, two-thirds of the member's pension will be continued to the spouse for her lifetime. A member may elect at the time of his retirement to receive a modified monthly amount payable for as long as either he or his spouse is living.

#### **Disability Benefits**

An active member who becomes disabled will receive a monthly disability benefit. Disability benefits are payable in the same form as service retirement benefits. However, disability benefits stop if the member recovers to the point that he no longer meets the definition of disability under the fund. The application for continuing disability benefits must also be made in accordance with procedures adopted by the board of trustees.

#### Definition of Disability

For the first two and one-half years, the member need only be disabled to the extent of being unable to perform the duties of a position offered him in the fire department providing equal or greater pay. After two and one-half years, the member must be unable to perform the duties of any occupation for which he is reasonably suited by reason of education, training or experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### Amount of Disability Benefit

The amount of monthly disability benefit payable under the fund will equal the sum of a. and b., below, where:

- a. Members service starting before August 1, 2017 equals 79.0% of the member's high three-year average monthly salary. Members service starting after August 1, 2017 equals 70.0% of the member's high five-year average monthly salary, and
- b. Equals the \$50.00 multiplied by his number of years of service in excess of 20.

A member's disability benefit will commence once his regular salary, including vacation and sick leave pay, has ceased. Disability benefits are payable in the same joint-and-survivor form as service retirement benefits. A member may elect at the time of his disability retirement to receive a modified monthly amount payable for as long as either he or his spouse is living.

If a disabled member receives workers' compensation benefits, Social Security benefits or a combination of these two benefits, the monthly disability benefit payable under the plan will be the lesser of (i) the disability benefit specified above or (ii) 100 percent of the member's average monthly compensation less the equivalent benefit received from workers' compensation and Social Security. For members whose service begins after August 1, 2017 the average changes to high five-year average monthly compensation.

#### **Death Benefits**

If a member whose service starts before August 1, 2018 dies while in active service, after completing at least 10 years of credited service, his widow will receive an immediate monthly benefit, payable for as long as she is living. The amount of the benefit will be equal to the sum of (i) a standard benefit equal to 52.67% of his average salary; plus (ii) two-thirds (2/3) of any additional service benefit the member had earned as of the date of his death.

If a member whose service starts after August 1, 2017 dies while in active service, after completing at least 10 years of credited service, his widow will receive an immediate monthly benefit, payable for as long as she is living. The amount of the benefit will be equal to the sum of (1) a standard benefit equal to 46.67% of his average salary; plus (ii) two-thirds (2/3) of any additional service benefit the member had earned as of the date of his death.

If a member dies while in active service prior to completing at least 10 years of credited service, his widow will receive an immediate monthly benefit of \$100, payable for as long as she is living and does not remarry. In addition, such widow will receive a one-time payment of \$40,000.

In addition to the above widow's benefit, each unmarried child of the member will receive a monthly benefit of 10.53% of the fire fighter's high three-year average monthly salary and members service starting after August 1, 2017 the monthly benefit is 9.53% of the high five-year average monthly compensation. Orphan benefits continue until the child reaches age 18. However, benefits will continue until age 22 for a child who is a full-time student. Orphan benefits are continued for life to disabled children.

The total of all benefits paid as a result of the death of an active fund member may not exceed the disability or retirement benefit such member had earned as of the date of his death. The total of all benefits paid as a result of the death of a retired member may not exceed the retirement benefit the member was receiving as of the date of his death. Benefits are reduced pro rata, if necessary, in order to satisfy these limitations.

#### **Termination Benefits**

Members with at Least Ten Years of Service

A fund member who terminates employment after completing at least 10 years of credited service, but

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

prior to the date he becomes eligible for a service retirement benefit, will be entitled to receive a monthly benefit starting on the date he would have both completed 20 years of credited service and attained age 50. The amount the member will receive equals the monthly service retirement benefit he had accumulated on the date he separated from service.

#### Members with Less Than Ten Years of Service

A fund member who terminates employment prior to completing 10 years of service will be entitled to the return of the excess of his contributions to the fund over the amount of any benefits he has received from the fund. such refund will not include any interest on the member's contributions.

#### The DROP Option

A member is eligible to receive his benefit under the plan's DROP provision after he has both completed 23 years of service and attained age 53. The election to participate in the DROP may be made at the time the member elects to retire.

#### Amount of Monthly Retirement Income to DROP Program Participants

The monthly retirement income payable to a member who retires under the DROP will equal his service retirement benefit under the plan based on average monthly salary and years of service as of the member's DROP Eligibility Date. The member's benefit will be calculated, however, using the benefit formula in effect on the member's actual date of retirement.

A member's DROP Eligibility Date is the later of (a) the date the member meets the eligibility requirements for the DROP or (b) the date is three years prior to the member's actual retirement date. Upon retirement, the member will receive - in addition to his monthly retirement benefit - a single payment equal to the total of the monthly retirement benefits the member would have received between his DROP Eligibility Date and the time he retired under the plan.

#### Amendment of the Plan

The plan document may be amended as provided in Section 7 of the Texas Fire Fighters' Retirement Act (Article 6243e. V.T.C.S.). Amending the plan requires approval of any proposed change by (a) an eligible actuary and (b) a majority of the participating members of the fund.

#### Employees covered by the plan

At December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	25
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active members	<u>25</u>
Total	<u>51</u>

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

	Discount rate	Net pension liability
1% decrease	7.0%	\$ 6,998,136
Current discount rate	8.0%	\$ 5,346,700
1% increase	9.0%	\$ 3,960,290

## Investments and the Long-term Expected rate of Return on Pension Plan Assets

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Large cap stocks (S&P 500)	31%	6.25%
Small cap stocks (Russell 2000)	11%	6.80%
International stocks (MSCI EAFE)	20%	5.70%
Bonds (Barclays US)	25%	2.75%
Multi-sector bonds	7%	3.50%
Real Estate/Alternatives	4%	4.80%
Cash equivalents	2%	0.00%
Total	100%	

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability [a]	Plan Fiduciary Net Position [b]	Net Pension Liability [a] – [b]
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$ 13,718,217	\$ 7,760,982	\$ 5,957,235
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	386,150	-	386,150
Interest	1,051,335	-	1,051,335
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions – employer	-	298,733	(298,733)
Contributions – employee	-	282,136	(282,136)
Net investment income	-	1,494,775	(1,494,775)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			. ,
contributions	(789,512)	(789,512)	-
Administrative expense	-	(27,624)	27,624
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	-	-
Net changes	\$ 647,973	\$ 1,258,508	\$ (610,535)
Balance at 12/31/2019	\$ 14,366,190	\$ 9,019,490	\$ 5,346,700

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

## Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2020 the city recognized pension expense of \$772,544.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$ - 578,680	\$ 376,882		
Plan investments Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	- 226.876	118,285 -		
Total	\$805,556	\$ 495,167		

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$226,876 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2020 (i.e. recognized in the city's financial statements September 30, 2021).

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending Dec 31:	
2020	\$ 44,427
2021	34,266
2022	111,625
2023	(132,235 )
2024	24,697
Thereafter	733
Total	\$83,513

The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for that plan. The report is available by writing P.O. Box 450, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.

#### Aggregate Totals for Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense at September 30, 2020:

		Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and	
	TMRS Plan	Retirement Fund	
		Plan	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$4,286,099	\$5,346,700	\$9,632,799
Pension expense	868,182	772,544	1,640,726

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### (9) Fund Balance Deficit

The Ambulance Enterprise Fund had a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2020 of \$2,471,024. This deficit is due to the implementation of GASB 68 and the requirement to restate beginning net position for prior period liability and the reclassification of contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2014.

The Firemen's Relief and Retirement Board has raised the contribution rates in order to comply with the pension board guidelines necessary to get the amortization period below 40 years. This reduction will be accomplished within 10 years.

#### (10) Individual Fund Disclosures

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the City has expended funds in excess of appropriations at the level of control in the following areas for those funds with budgets presented:

-		Excess
Fund	Department/Control Level	Amount
General Fund	Municipal court	\$ 1,837
	Code enforcement	26,841
	Non-departmental	68,670
	Police department	9,418
	Streets and signals	47,424
	Animal control	8,856
	Parks and cemetery	35,589
	Golf course	640
Senior Nutrition Activities Project	Community services	5,353
Cemetery Special Revenue Fund	Community services	1,603

These over-expenditures were mainly funded by decreased expenditures in other departments.

#### (11) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2020, is as follows:

	Due From	Ľ	Due To
General fund	\$-	\$	109,340
Non-major governmental funds	3,310		1,835
Major enterprise funds:			
Water and wastewater fund	-		39,769
Solid waste management fund	-		33,024
Ambulance	-		15,322
Internal service funds	195,980		-
	\$ 199,290	\$	199,290

The central garage and stores is an internal service fund that makes inventory purchases for the City and is then reimbursed by the other funds through a transfer. All balances due are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

	Transfers In	Transfers Out			
General Fund	\$	\$	831,925		
Non-major governmental funds Major enterprise fund:	279,758		-		
Ámbulance	552,167		-		
	<u>\$831,925</u>	\$	831,925		

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

Interfund transfers relate to the funding of deficits by the general fund to the senior nutrition project, cemetery fund and the ambulance fund.

#### (12) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To manage these risks, the City obtains general liability, errors and omissions, and workers' compensation coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its above insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. There were no significant reductions in commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

In addition to the above insurance coverage, the City also has a self-funded employee benefit fund. This fund was established in the fiscal year 1994 for funding the City's employees' health claims and premiums. This plan is a "self-insured" minimum premium cash flow plan. The City and each covered employee make a predetermined monthly contribution to the plan. All claims are reviewed and processed by an independent plan administrator. The plan administrator pays claims based on the health plan, from the City's checking account and the City releases the checks. The plan administrator charges the City a monthly fee.

The City informally budgets for current claims based on current health care statistics. The City incurred \$1,851,527 in health claims and stop-loss premiums for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City contributed \$1,018,533 and City employees contributed \$372,867 to the health insurance program for the year ended September 30, 2020. Administrative costs paid to the health plan program administrator are paid directly from the other funds based on their covered employees. The City obtained excess loss insurance which limited annual claims to \$55,000 for any individual participant and an aggregate limit equal to \$1,827,383.

Incurred but not reported estimated health claims have been accrued as a liability based on the claims submitted after September 30, 2020, and on the City's remaining exposure under the aggregate stop-loss insurance coverage. The estimated liability for health claims is \$38,342 at September 30, 2020.

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance
	Beginning	Changes in	Claim	At End of
	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	<u>Fiscal Year</u>
2017-2018	\$ 38,870	\$ 1,701,263	\$ 1,603,198	\$ 136,935
2018-2019	\$ 136,935	\$ 1,879,739	\$ 1,858,686	\$ 157,988
2019-2020	\$ 157,988	\$ 1,731,881	\$ 1,851,527	\$ 38,342

#### (13) Segment Information

The Government issued revenue bonds to finance its water treatment plant and its wastewater treatment plant. The water and wastewater fund is a major enterprise fund, therefore, the required segment information is already provided in the basic financial statements and condensed information is not required.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

#### (14) Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### (15) Commitments

#### **Construction Commitments**

The City has one active construction project at fiscal year-end. The project is a water system improvement and elevated storage tank construction project. At fiscal year-end, the City's commitments with contractors and vendors are as follows:

		Remaining
Capital Projects	Spent-to-date	Commitment
Enterprise Fund – Water System	\$ 4,436,642	\$ 464,801

The water system commitments will be funded by the 2016 bond issue. The project is expected to be completed in 2021.

#### Lease Agreements

Commitments under operating lease agreements for equipment are immaterial; therefore, minimum annual rental payments are not presented.

#### (16) Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

The City of Sweetwater Type IV landfill site was approved by TCEQ on May 9, 1995. A major amendment #50B, was approved by the TCEQ May 12, 2004. State and federal laws and regulations require the City to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 5 years after closure. A liability is reported in the solid waste management fund which represents the estimated remaining current cost of all post-closure care. However, due to changes in technology, laws or regulations these costs may change in the future.

The Sanitation Department opened a new landfill site this year. Municipal Solid Waste Permit No. MSW 50B has a closure cost estimate of \$102,365 and a post-closure cost estimate of \$18,782. Permit No. MSW 2385 has a closure cost estimate of \$142,909 and a post-closure cost estimate of \$38,379 for a total of \$302,435 for both locations.

As previously noted, the City of Sweetwater has two landfills. The old landfill was approved as a Type IV landfill in 1995 and the new one is also a Type IV landfill approved for receiving garbage late fiscal year 2019. The old landfill has reached capacity as of October 2019 and the post closure process has begun. The new landfill has a 120-year estimated life and began accepting garbage October 2019.

#### (17) Tax Abatements

#### Tax abatement agreements entered into directly by the City

The City has entered a Chapter 380 grant in the form of a municipal sales tax rebate. Grants are authorized under Texas Local Government Code Chapter 380. A business or entity shall be eligible to participate in the Chapter 380 Economic Development Program on terms and conditions established by the City Council on a case-by-case basis if: (a) the business or entity enters a binding contract with the City under which the business or entity (Operator) is required to make specific and verifiable

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2020

employment and other commitments that serve the public purposes overseen by the City. The Operator shall deliver to the City a report by January 31 of each year stating (i) the cost of improvements, as set forth in the contract and (ii) the number of new full-time jobs and the number of new part-time jobs at the property.

Subject to the terms and conditions as set forth in the contract, the City shall pay Operator one-third of the reimbursable sales tax collected by the City for all sales generated within the project up to but not to exceed the maximum reimbursement amount of \$500,000. Such payment is due to Operator 60 days after the City's receipt of the respective payment from the State of Texas.

If the recipient of a Chapter 380 award breaches any of the terms or conditions of the Economic Development Program Agreement and fails to cure such a breach in accordance with the Economic Development Grant Agreement, the City shall have the right to terminate the Agreement.

No additional commitments were made by the City as part of these agreements. The gross dollar amount, on accrual basis, by which the City sales tax revenues were reduces as a result of the abatement agreement were \$12,044.

#### Tax abatement agreements entered into by SEED-MDD

SEED-MDD is a participant in the same agreement with Operator on the above Economic Development Program Agreement pursuant to Section 377 of the Texas Local Government Code pertaining to the Project which is intended to compliment the City's agreement. Additionally, the SEED-MDD agreement contains identical development requirements to those in the City's contract. The contract requirements are universal to both agreements and not intended to be duplicated. The gross dollar amount, on the accrual basis, by with SEED-MDD sales tax revenues were reduced as a result of the abatement agreement were \$10,210.

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PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 years ( will ultimately be displayed)

	Measurement Year 2019		Measurement Year 2018		N	leasurement Year 2017
Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$	973,702	\$	920,875	\$	892,819
Interest ( on the Total Pension Liability)		2,244,948		2,157,453		2,079,395
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(665,254)		(126,129)		(298,136)
Change of assumptions		40,035		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,811,161)		(1,553,626)		(1,509,744)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		782,270		1,398,573		1,164,334
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		33,677,214		32,278,641		31,114,307
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	34,459,484	\$	33,677,214	\$	32,278,641
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,043,464	\$	1,007,103	\$	967,945
Contributions - Employee		413,838		389,494		381,081
Net Investment Income		4,090,589		(822,415)		3,364,048
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,811,161)		(1,553,626)		(1,509,744)
Administrative Expense		(23,115)		(15,895)		(17,433)
Other		(694)		(830)		(884)
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		3,712,921		(996,169)		3,185,013
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		26,460,464		27,456,633		24,271,620
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	30,173,385	\$	26,460,464	\$	27,456,633
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,286,099	\$	7,216,750	\$	4,822,008
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		87.56%		78.57%		85.06%
Covered Payroll	\$	5,911,976	\$	5,564,202	\$	5,444,016
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		72.50%		129.70%		88.57%

Notes to Schedule:

N/A

M 	Measurement Year 2016		easurement Year 2015	 Measurement Year 2014				
\$	860,020	\$	792,135	\$ 671,107				
	1,979,740		1,976,956	1,911,569				
	-		-	-				
	248,458		(226,424)	(329,247)				
	-		72,076	-				
	(1,746,755)		(1,376,124)	 (1,383,552)				
	1,341,463		1,238,619	869,877				
	29,772,844		28,534,225	 27,664,348				
\$	31,114,307	\$	29,772,844	\$ 28,534,225				

\$ 962,349	\$ 967,603	\$ 930,310	
371,155	352,957	326,100	
1,563,907	34,208	1,262,036	
(1,746,755)	(1,376,124)	(1,383,552)	
(17,661)	(20,836)	(13,177)	
 (952)	 (1,029)	 (1,083)	
1,132,043	(43,222)	1,120,634	
 23,139,577	 23,182,799	 22,062,165	
\$ 24,271,620	\$ 23,139,577	\$ 23,182,799	
\$ 6,842,687	\$ 6,633,267	\$ 5,351,426	
78.01%	77.72%	81.25%	
\$ 5,302,221	\$ 5,042,236	\$ 4,658,574	
129.05%	131.55%	114.87%	

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Schedule of Pension Contributions Last 10 years ( will ultimately be displayed)

		9/30/2020	9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017		9/30/2016		9/30/2015	
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuariall	\$	1,052,211	\$	1,032,752	\$	994,574	\$	962,349	\$	963,144	\$	957,565
determined contribution	, 	1,052,211	\$	1,032,752	\$	994,574	\$	962,349	\$	963,144	\$	957,565
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	5,941,673	\$	5,814,837	\$	5,548,494	\$ !	5,447,328	\$	5,229,357	\$	4,581,299
Contributions as a % of covered payroll		17.71%		17.76%		17.93%		17.67%		18.42%		20.90%

#### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age	Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, closed 26 years 10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor 2.5% 3.50% to 11.50% including inflation 6.75% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the
Mortality	period 2014-2018. Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP. Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.
Other information:	

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

#### Texas Municipal Retirement System Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 years ( will ultimately be displayed)

	Me	asurement Year 2019	Ме	asurement Year 2018	Me	asurement Year 2017
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability						
Total OPEB Liability - beginning of year	\$	349,209	\$	379,565	\$	328,847
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		15,962		17,805		15,243
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		13,175		12,794		12,646
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(17,662)		(34,226)		-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		67,538		(22,834)		26,640
Benefit payments**		(4,138)		(3,895)		(3,811)
Net changes		74,875		(30,356)		50,718
Total OPEB Liability - end of year	\$	424,084	\$	349,209	\$	379,565
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,911,976	\$	5,564,202	\$	5,444,016
Total OPEB Liability as a % of covered payroll		7.17%		6.28%		6.97%

\*\* Due to the SDBF being considered in unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contritubions for retirees.

#### Notes to RSI:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75 to pay related benefits.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018.

#### Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 years ( will ultimately be displayed)

	М	easurement Year 2019	М	Measurement Year 2018		easurement Year 2017
Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$	386,150	\$	386,326	\$	371,467
Interest ( on the Total Pension Liability)		1,051,335		1,007,032		962,131
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		204,380		-
Change of assumptions		-		306,387		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(789,512)		(774,953)		(799,457)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		647,973		1,129,172		534,141
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		13,718,217		12,589,045		12,054,904
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	14,366,190	\$	13,718,217	\$	12,589,045
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	298,733	\$	292,460	\$	284,446
Contributions - Employee		282,136		276,212		268,643
Net investment income		1,494,775		(543,173)		1,001,682
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(789,512)		(774,953)		(799,457)
Administrative Expense		(27,624)		(36,736)		(35,021)
Other		-		-		-
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,258,508		(786,190)		720,293
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		7,760,982		8,547,172		7,826,879
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	9,019,490	\$	7,760,982	\$	8,547,172
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	5,346,700	\$	5,957,235	\$	4,041,873
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		62.78%		56.63%		67.89%
Covered Payroll (Estimated)	\$	1,659,628	\$	1,624,778	\$	1,580,254
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll		322.2%		366.6%		255.8%

#### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. Amounts recognized in the fiscal year represent changes between the current and prior measurement dates.

Measurement Year 2016		Me	easurement Year 2015	Me	Measurement Year 2014			
\$	357,180	\$	341,799	\$	327,271			
	975,941		939,280		865,092			
	-		-		-			
	(105,695)		-		(971,741)			
	(631,974)		-		1,473,737			
	(765,290)		(911,057)		(686,376)			
	<i></i>							
	(169,838)		370,022		1,007,983			
	12,224,742		11,854,720		10,846,737			
\$	12,054,904	\$	12,224,742	\$	11,854,720			

\$ 256,845	\$ 236,832	\$ 221,847
252,797	236,832	221,847
543,748	(216,775)	412,292
(765,290)	(911,057)	(686,376)
(41,956)	(29,349)	(34,337)
 69	 -	 -
246,213	(683,517)	135,273
 7,580,666	8,264,183	 8,128,910
\$ 7,826,879	\$ 7,580,666	\$ 8,264,183
\$ 4,228,025	\$ 4,644,076	\$ 3,590,537
61.18%	62.01%	69.71%
\$ 1,554,689	\$ 1,480,200	\$ 1,386,544

272.0% 313.7% 259.0%

#### Sweetwater Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund Schedule of Contributions Last 10 years ( will ultimately be displayed)

	9/30/2020	9/30/2019	9/30/2018	9/30/2017	9/30/2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 302,909	\$ 298,504	\$ 290,565	\$ 283,387	\$ 247,893
determined contribution	302,909	298,504	290,565	283,387	247,893
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered payroll Contributions as a % of covered payroll	\$ 1,682,827 18.00%	\$ 1,658,360 18.00%	\$ 1,614,247 18.00%	\$ 1,574,371 18.00%	\$ 1,549,334 16.00%

#### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown. Fiscal year refers to the plan year.

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining Amortization Period	63.3 years
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market value with a 20% of
	market value corridor
Inflation	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	6.6% to 2.8% per year, compounded annually
Investment Rate of Return, Net of Expenses Compounded Annually	8.00%
Retirement Rates	Age and service related
Turnover	Age-related
Mortality	RP 2000 projected to 2024 pre 12/31/18
	Pub 2010-PS projected effective 12/31/18

#### Significant Factors Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information

There were not any significant changes in plan provisions and actuarial assumptions from the prior year that significantly affect the identificqation of trends in the amounts reported in the required schedules.

9	/30/2015	g	/30/2014
\$	231,566	\$	199,664
•	231,566	¢	199,664
\$	-	\$	-
\$	1,447,285 16.00%	\$	1,247,900 16.00%

#### "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

#### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Senior Nutrition Activities Project – account for Federal funds received through grants administered by the West Central Texas Council of Governments and the Texas Department of Human Services.

Hotel and Motel Fund – established October 1, 1988 to account for collections of a tax, as permitted by law, which is mandated to support and promote tourism in the City.

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund – established to accumulate funds until a time when annual revenue generated by investments could fund the cost of caring for the cemetery.

Drug Enforcement Fund – accounts for confiscated assets received as a result of drug interdiction activities. Expenditures are made for police department vehicles, equipment and training.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	Senior Nutrition Activities Project		Hotel and Motel Fund		Cemetary Fund		Drug Enforcement Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Current cash and cash equivalents	\$	353	\$	91,293	\$	1,321,225	\$	2,577	\$ 1,415,448	
Due from other funds	•	-	•	-		3,310		-	3,310	
Due from other governments		18,924		-		-		-	18,924	
Total assets	\$	19,277	\$	91,293	\$	1,324,535	\$	2,577	\$ 1,437,682	
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		9,115		-		8		-	9,123	
Due to other funds		1,233		-		602			1,835	
Due to other governments		-		91,293				-	91,293	
Total liabilities		10,348		91,293		610			102,251	
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable - Perpetual Cemetery Care		-		-		1,323,925		-	1,323,925	
Restricted for drug enforcement		-		-		-		2,577	2,577	
Restricted for senior nutrition program		8,929		-				-	8,929	
Total fund balances		8,929				1,323,925		2,577	1,335,431	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,277	\$	91,293	\$	1,324,535	\$	2,577	\$ 1,437,682	

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	NL Ac	enior itrition tivities roject	 Hotel and Motel Fund	(	Cemetary Fund	Enfo	Drug prcement <sup>-</sup> und	Total lonmajor /ernmental Funds
Revenues								
Occupancy tax	\$	-	\$ 585,196	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 585,196
Intergovernmental		151,329	-		-		-	151,329
Charges for services		-	-		3,400		-	3,400
Investment income		-	-		14,031		31	14,062
Contributions and donations		32,457	-		-		-	32,457
Miscellaneous		58	-		17,751		175	17,984
Total revenues		183,844	 585,196		35,182		206	 804,428
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		-	-		-		-	-
Culture and recreation		-	585,196		-		-	585,196
Community services		430,431	-		47,809		-	478,240
Total expenditures		430,431	 585,196		47,809		-	 1,063,436
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(	246,587)	-		(12,627)		206	(259,008)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		243,875	-		35,883		-	279,758
Transfers out		-	 -				-	 
Net change in fund balances		(2,712)	-		23,256		206	20,750
Fund balances - beginning		11,641	 -		1,300,669		2,371	 1,314,681
Fund balances - ending	\$	8,929	\$ 	\$	1,323,925	\$	2,577	\$ 1,335,431

#### Senior Nutrition Activities Project Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amount	ts		 iance with al budget-
	Original		Final	Actual mounts	Positive egative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 194,380	\$	218,380	\$ 151,329	\$ (67,051)
Contributions and donations	40,000		40,000	32,457	(7,543)
Miscellaneous	500		500	58	(442)
Total revenues	234,880		258,880	183,844	(75,036)
Expenditures Current: Community services Total expenditures	 413,078 413,078		425,078 425,078	 430,431 430,431	 (5,353) (5,353)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(178,198)		(166,198)	(246,587)	(80,389)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 178,500		224,000	 243,875	 19,875
Net change in fund balances	302		57,802	(2,712)	(60,514)
Fund balances - beginning	 11,641		11,641	 11,641	 
Fund balances - ending	\$ 11,943	\$	69,443	\$ 8,929	\$ (60,514)

#### Hotel and Motel Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	riance with al budget-
		Original		Final		Actual mounts		Positive legative)
Revenues								
Occupancy tax	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	585,196	\$	(114,804)
Total revenues		700,000		700,000		585,196		(114,804)
Expenditures Current:								
Culture and recreation		700,000		700,000		585,196		114,804
Total expenditures		700,000		700,000		585,196		114,804
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				-				<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning						<u> </u>		-
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-

#### Cemetery Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts		Fina	ance with I budget-
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	-	ositive egative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 4,500	\$	4,500	\$ 3,400	\$	(1,100)
Miscellaneous	17,000		17,000	17,751		751
Investment income	21,500		21,500	14,031		(7,469)
Total revenues	 43,000		43,000	 35,182		(7,818)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community services	46,206		46,206	47,809		(1,603)
Total expenditures	46,206		46,206	47,809		(1,603)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(3,206)		(3,206)	(12,627)		(9,421)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	27,000		35,400	35,883		483
Net change in fund balances	 23,794		32,194	23,256		(8,938)
Fund balances - beginning	 1,300,670		1,300,670	 1,300,669		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,324,464	\$	1,332,864	\$ 1,323,925	\$	(8,938)

#### **Internal Service Funds**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Central Garage and Stores – this fund is used to account for the rental of motor vehicles to other departments, repairs, and fuel for motor vehicles, and the purchase and distribution of inventory, supplies, and information technology services performed for other departments.

Employee Benefit Fund – this fund is used to account for the group health insurance for City employees and dependents.

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Central Garage and Stores	Employee Benefit Fund	Total
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,174,807	\$ 403,051	\$ 1,577,858
Due from other funds	195,980	-	195,980
Due from other governments	101	-	101
Inventory	29,754	-	29,754
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	500,979		500,979
Total current assets	1,901,620	403,051	2,304,671
Capital assets:			
Buildings	145,573	_	145,573
Improvements other than buildings	49,726		49,726
Machinery and equipment	7,277,577		7,277,577
Less accumulated depreciation	(5,364,694)	_	(5,364,694)
Total capital assets ( net of accumulated	(0,00+,00+)		(0,004,004)
depreciation)	2,108,182	-	2,108,182
Total assets	4,009,802	403,051	4,412,853
	, ,		, , ,
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension Plan	85,442	-	85,442
OPEB	5,441		5,441
Total deferred outflows of resources	90,883		90,883
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	30,909	38,343	69,252
Accrued liabilities	15,440	00,010	15,440
Accrued compensated absences	3,475	-	3,475
Capital lease payable	142,191		142,191
Note payable	75,300	-	75,300
Total current liabilities	267,315	38,343	305,658
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	31,260	-	31,260
Capital lease payable	604,914		604,914
Note payable	-	-	-
Net pension liability	367,308	-	367,308
Total OPEB liability	40,575		40,575
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,044,057		1,044,057
Total liabilities	1,311,372	38,343	1,349,715
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension Plan	160,179	-	160,179
OPEB	3,299	-	3,299
Total deferred inflows of resources	163,478	-	163,478
Net Assets			
Net investment in capital assets	1,530,806	-	1,530,806
Restricted	255,950	-	255,950
Unrestricted	839,079	364,708	1,203,787
Total net position	\$ 2,625,835	\$ 364,708	\$ 2,990,543

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Central Garage and Stores	Employee Benefit Fund	Total
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,866,334	\$ 2,630,971	\$ 4,497,305
Miscellaneous	13,007	9,143	22,150
Total operating income	1,879,341	2,640,114	4,519,455
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	907,301	-	907,301
Supplies	33,774	-	33,774
Other services and charges	326,635	2,355,636	2,682,271
Depreciation	406,833		406,833
Total operating expenses	1,674,544	2,355,636	4,030,180
Operating income	204,798	284,478	489,276
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Interest income	13,939	3,116	17,055
Gain on disposal of property	14,158		14,158
Interest expense	(19,698)		(19,698)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	8,399	3,116	11,515
Income (loss) before transfers	213,197	287,594	500,791
Transfers in			
Change in net position	213,197	287,594	500,791
Total net position - beginning	2,412,638	77,114	2,489,752
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,625,835	\$ 364,708	\$ 2,990,543

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Central Garage and Stores	Employee Benefit Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 1,879,341	\$ 2,640,114	\$ 4,519,455
Payments to suppliers	355,828	504,109	859,937
Payments for claims	-	1,971,171	1,971,171
Payments to employees	924,758	-	924,758
Net cash provided by operating activities	598,755	164,833	763,589
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			<i>(</i> <b></b> )
Debt reduction	(73,394)	-	(73,394)
Purchases of capital assets	(103,770)	-	(103,770)
Interest expense	(19,698)	-	(19,698)
Proceeds from sale of assets	23,273	-	23,273
Net cash used by capital and related	(470 500)		(470 500)
financing activities	(173,589)		(173,589)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest and dividends received	13,939	3,116	17,055
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	13,939	3,116	17,055
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	439,106	167,949	607,056
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,236,680	235,102	1,471,782
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,675,786	\$ 403,051	\$ 2,078,838
As reported on balance sheet:			
Cash	\$ 1,174,807	\$ 403,051	\$ 1,577,858
Restricted Cash	500,979		500,979
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,675,786	\$ 403,051	\$ 2,078,837
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating	204,798_	284,478	489,276
Depreciation expense	406,833	-	406,833
(Increase) decrease in other receivables	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(8,345)	-	(8,345)
(Increase) in due from other governments	(22)	-	(22)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	3,875	-	3,875
(increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	132,191		132,191
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(6,367)	(119,645)	(126,012)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	15,440		15,440
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(305,081)	-	(305,081)
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability	7,787	-	7,787
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	5,529	-	5,529
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	142,117	(110 645)	142,117
Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>393,957</u> \$598,755	(119,645) \$ 164,833	274,312 \$ 763,589
iver cash provided by operating activities	φ 390,735	φ 104,033	φ 103,309
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets via capital lease	\$ 747 105		

Purchase of capital assets via capital lease

\$ 747,105

#### OTHER SCHEDULES - CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules By Source September 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		 2019
General fixed assets:			
Land	\$	178,332	\$ 178,332
Construction in-progress		-	156,214
Buildings		7,604,747	7,582,726
Improvements other than buildings		8,615,324	7,209,041
Machinery and equipment		2,007,288	 1,873,990
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	18,405,691	\$ 17,000,303
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:			
Investment in property acquired prior to 10-01-52		864,768	864,768
Investment in airport property-gifts and general fund revenues		185,125	185,125
Investment in property acquired after 10-01-52:			
From general obligation bonds		313,976	313,976
From general fund revenues		7,417,839	7,482,290
From special assessments		190,350	190,350
From capital donations		1,170,712	425,985
From federal and other government grants			
(including federal revenue sharing)		5,070,029	4,332,436
From water and wastewater fund-transfer of swimming pool		486,881	486,881
From special revenue fund		2,706,011	 2,718,492
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	18,405,691	\$ 17,000,303

This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets and in Note (4) in the notes to the financial statements.

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## Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity September 30, 2020

	Total	Land	Construction in-progress	Building	Improvements other than Building	Machinery and Equipment
General government: Administration General government buildings Total general government	\$ 119,606 675,697 795,303	- 000'6 \$	θ	\$ 290,976 290,976	\$ 39,000 244,898 283,898	\$ 80,606 130,823 211,429
Public safety: Police protection Fire protection Civil defense Total public safety	6,133,266 1,636,342 107,299 7,876,907	20,472 81,451 - 101,923		4,525,643 1,025,710 5,551,353	488,522 117,789 63,824 670,135	1,098,629 411,392 43,475 1,553,496
Public works: Streets and highways Recycling center Animal control Total Public works	1,899,114 35,113 37,384 1,971,611	800  800		- 26,509 26,509	1,847,759 24,219 10,875 1,882,853	50,555 10,894 61,449
Culture and recreation: Parks and cemetery Golf course Aquatics Total culture and recreation	1,113,254 275,980 1,280,265 2,669,499	24,870 - - 24,870		73,595 71,222 - 144,817	973,859 167,249 1,276,687 2,417,795	40,930 37,509 3,578 82,017
Community services: Municipal auditorium Health department Museum SNAP Total community services	38,850 43,719 164,457 552,740 799,766	3,000 1,500 4,500		28,850 40,719 162,957 494,358 726,884	10,000 - 8,726 18,726	- - 49,656 49,656
Airport Total governmental funds capital assets	4,292,606 \$ 18,405,691	37,239 \$ 178,332	۰ ، ب	864,208 \$7,604,747	3,341,918 \$ 8,615,324	49,241 \$2,007,288

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets and in Note (4) in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds Capital Assets 09/30/19	Additions	Deductions	Governmental Funds Capital Assets 09/30/20
General government:				
Administration	\$ 123,274		\$ 3,668	\$ 119,606
General government buildings	666,480	82,497	73,280	675,697
Total general government	789,754	82,497	76,948	795,303
Public safety:				
Police protection	5,925,793	314,021	106,548	6,133,266
Fire protection	1,619,351	78,791	61,800	1,636,342
Civil defense	107,299	-	-	107,299
Total public safety	7,652,443	392,812	168,348	7,876,907
Public works:				
Streets and highways	1,901,334	-	2,220	1,899,114
Recycling center	35,113	-	-	35,113
Animal control	26,509	10,875	-	37,384
Total public works	1,962,956	10,875	2,220	1,971,611
Culture and recreation:				
Parks and cemetery	1,101,454	11,800	-	1,113,254
Golf course	275,980	-	-	275,980
Aquatics	536,437	744,727	899	1,280,265
Total culture and recreation	1,913,871	756,527	899	2,669,499
Community Services:				
Municipal auditorium	38,850	-	-	38,850
Health department	43,719	-	-	43,719
Museum	164,457	-	-	164,457
SNAP	601,838	-	49,098	552,740
Total community services	848,864		49,098	799,766
Airport	3,832,416	460,190	-	4,292,606
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 17,000,303	\$ 1,702,901	\$ 297,513	\$ 18,405,691

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net assets and in Note (4) in the notes to the financial statements.

#### "We lead with trust and respect to provide a vibrant, secure community for all"



PROFESSIONALISM INTEGRITY CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT TEAMWORK

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Sweetwater's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed Information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help readers understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	92-98
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help readers assess the City's most significant local revenue source-its property tax.	99-104
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help readers assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	105-109
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help readers understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	110-111
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help readers understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	112-114

### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

					Fis	Fiscal Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,688,066 \$ 4,133,	\$ 4,133,554	\$ 5,164,107	\$ 8,580,204	\$ 9,459,578	\$ 9,047,241	\$ 8,494,897	\$ 7,934,319	\$ 7,571,669	\$ 8,624,559
Restricted	10,280	43,536	68,032	94,324	118,202	214,039	181,430	192,690	201,847	437,189
Unrestricted	8,412,942	10,223,118	9,842,449	6,846,447	1,493,359	1,655,007	686,372	360,070	(225,847)	(464, 165)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 12,111,288 \$ 14,400,208	\$ 14,400,208	\$ 15,074,588	\$ 15,520,975	\$ 11,071,139	\$ 10,916,287	\$ 9,362,699	\$ 8,487,079	\$ 7,547,669	\$ 8,597,583
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,360,356 \$ 10,023,	\$ 10,023,438	\$ 11,863,504	\$ 13,306,489	\$ 13,394,090	\$ 13,743,436	\$ 9,931,071	\$ 14,476,834	\$ 15,231,426	\$ 15,209,990
Restricted	709,175	712,235	715,354	759,967	817,153	821,408	831,373	848,974	875,411	891,829
Unrestricted	7,511,963	8,490,962	7,890,460	7,184,602	4,464,617	4,715,014	9,440,428	5,984,007	5,439,859	5,847,000
Total business-type activites net position	\$ 17,581,494 \$ 19,226,635	\$ 19,226,635	\$ 20,469,318	\$ 21,251,058	\$ 18,675,860	\$ 19,279,858	\$ 20,202,872	\$ 21,309,815	\$ 21,546,696	\$ 21,948,819
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,048,422 \$ 14,156,	\$ 14,156,992	\$ 17,027,611	\$ 21,886,693	\$ 22,853,668	\$ 22,790,677	\$ 18,425,968	\$ 22,411,153	\$ 22,803,095	\$ 23,834,549
Restricted	1,824,951	1,881,961	783,386	854,291	935,355	1,035,447	1,012,803	1,041,664	1,077,258	1,329,018
Unrestricted	15,924,905	17,587,890	17,732,909	14,031,049	5,957,976	6,370,021	10,126,800	6,344,077	5,214,012	5,382,835
Total primary government net position	\$ 29,692,782 \$ 33,626,	\$ 33,626,843	\$ 35,543,906	\$ 36,772,033	\$ 29,746,999	\$ 30,196,145	\$ 29,565,571	\$ 29,796,894	\$ 29,094,365	\$ 30,546,402
Notes: The	Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 65 in fiscal year 2014. The amounts for all fiscal years presented have been restated for the effects of this standard The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fixed years 2015. The amounts for all mixed fourthe affects of this standard	JASB Statement	No. 65 in fiscal	year 2014. The	amounts for all f	iscal years prese	nted have been re	estated for the eff	fects of this stan	lard

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard Unspendable Cemetery funds have been reclassified to a Committed fund balance in fund financial statements and unrestricted in the Government-wide financial statement upon further investigation of GASB 54 classifications and historical city ordinances.

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
I	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 1,350,554 \$ 1,395,375	\$ 1,395,375	\$ 1,392,522	\$ 1,563,157	\$ 1,557,499	\$ 1,642,864	\$ 1,814,626	\$ 1,685,953	\$ 1,877,741	\$ 1,812,243
Public safety	3,493,732	3,550,157	3,948,689	4,111,605	4,491,188	5,010,521	5,448,126	5,844,524	5,959,508	5,631,691
Public works	1,101,889	1,007,398	1,072,818	1,056,515	1,057,291	1,095,851	984,321	1,068,970	1,099,670	1,040,086
Culture and recreation	1,194,531	1,202,579	1,290,863	1,325,393	1,392,756	1,464,758	1,423,072	1,440,807	1,500,504	1,328,904
Community services	530,442	491,645	502,840	555,465	544,645	533,096	545,305	528,714	549,735	544,433
Airport	230,145	322,991	452,828	413,656	376,425	443,799	411,918	422,131	414,069	394,806
Total governmental activities expenses	7,901,293	7,970,144	8,660,559	9,025,791	9,419,804	10, 190, 889	10,627,368	10,991,099	11,401,227	10,752,163
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	5,816,606	5,814,647	5,826,397	6,379,513	6,401,399	6,344,981	6,163,135	6,381,468	6,527,669	6,723,079
Solid waste management	1,585,436	1,646,047	1,742,644	1,844,622	1,944,585	1,914,193	2,183,736	2,105,056	2,134,829	2,034,359
Ambulance	1,378,127	1,468,954	1,864,412	1,966,355	2,189,949	2,244,762	2,204,031	2,109,930	2,249,353	2,186,190
1										
Total business-type activities expenses 8,780,169	8,780,169	8,929,648	9,433,453	10, 190, 490	10,535,933	10,503,937	10,550,902	10,596,454	10,911,851	10,943,628
Total primary government expenses \$16,681,462 \$16,899,792	\$ 16,681,462	\$ 16,899,792	\$ 18,094,012	\$ 19,216,281	\$ 19,955,737	\$ 19,955,737 \$ 20,694,826 \$ 21,178,270 \$ 21,587,553	\$ 21,178,270	\$ 21,587,553	\$ 22,313,078 \$ 21,695,791	\$ 21,695,791

## Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

Continued

					Fiscal Yea	Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,114,649	\$ 1,168,289	\$ 1,236,249	\$ 1,608,618	\$ 1,277,724	\$ 1,338,490	\$ 1,358,629	\$ 1,711,344	\$ 1,703,198	\$ 1,810,914
Public safety	31,326	34,415	35,621	'				I	ı	
Public works	24,419	16,560	21,673	3,363	3,495	3,747	2,770	3,912	5,095	8,495
Culture and recreation	375,378	360,077	365,182	364,659	375,659	377,382	377,361	401,381	413,998	389,058
Community services	4,500	2,500	4,250	1,250	'	ı	'	ı	I	I
Airport	41,094	154,950	223,583	178,196	160,902	194,555	164, 188	176,126	158,381	125,097
Operating grants and contributions	329,867	267,093	392,616	367,386	287,101	308,172	246,386	225,099	197,845	654,664
Capital grants and contributions	170,168	690,376	472,375	I	1	38,160	32,000	486,394	52,155	1,204,917
Total governmental activities program										
revenues	2,091,401	2,694,260	2,751,549	2,523,472	2,104,881	2,260,505	2,181,333	3,004,255	2,530,672	4, 193, 145
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	7,374,802	6,921,210	7,331,761	6,958,410	6,558,087	7,202,525	7,291,239	7,624,129	7,260,157	7,951,268
Solid waste management	1,761,550	1,775,439	1,883,190	1,953,590	1,895,226	1,891,078	1,886,909	1,441,468	2,023,957	2,076,336
Ambulance	1,030,757	1,102,030	1,566,407	1,533,151	1,582,404	1,561,508	1,454,635	2,054,866	1,324,861	1,251,791
Operating grants and contributions	2,800	10,832	20,454	9,979	18,069	1,600	12,260	10,011	9,689	135,153
Capital grants and contributions		252,083	1	'		I		46,337	228,663	ı
Total business-type activities program										
revenues	10,169,909	10,061,594	10,801,812	10,455,130	10,053,786	10,656,711	10,645,043	11,176,811	10,847,327	11,414,548
Total primary government program										
revenues	\$ 12,261,311	\$ 12,755,854	\$ 13,553,361	\$ 12,978,602	\$ 12,158,667	\$ 12,917,216	\$ 12,826,376	14,181,066	\$ 13,377,999	\$ 15,607,693
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (5,809,892)	\$ (5,809,892) \$ (5,275,885)	\$ (5,909,011)		\$ (6,502,319) \$ (7,314,923)	\$ (7,930,383)	\$ (8,446,034)	\$ (7,986,843)	\$ (8,870,555)	\$ (6,559,018)
Business-type activities	1,389,740	1,131,946	1,368,359	264,640	(482,147)	152,776	94,141	580,357	(64, 524)	470,920
Total primary government net expense \$ (4,420,152) \$ (4,143,939)	\$ (4,420,152)	\$ (4,143,939)	\$ (4,540,652)		\$ (7,797,070)	\$ (7,777,607)	\$ (8,351,893)	\$ (7,406,486)	\$ (8,935,079) \$ (6,088,098)	\$ (6,088,098)
I otal primary government net expense	\$ (4,420,152)	\$ (4,143,939)	\$ (4,540,652)		\$ (/,/9/,0/0)	\$ (1,171,607)	\$	(8,351,893)	(8,351,893) \$ (7,406,486)	\$ (6,237,679) \$ (7,797,070) \$ (7,777,607) \$ (8,331,893) \$ (7,406,480) \$ (8,935,079)

## (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting) **Changes in Net Position** Last Ten Fiscal Years

2020

2019

2018

2017

2016

2015

2014

2013

2012

2011

**Fiscal Year** 

Continued

<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in</b>										
Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$1,664,280	\$1,622,785	\$1,922,873	\$1,901,654	\$2,045,818	\$2,236,094	\$2,214,540	\$2,231,361	\$2,263,389	\$2,494,929
Sales taxes	2,899,276	2,902,727	2,552,984	2,706,835	2,841,341	3,377,448	2,779,816	2,972,679	2,791,806	2,842,706
Franchise taxes	1,026,373	1,066,545	1,009,669	1,097,948	1,151,119	1,064,016	1,060,142	1,071,082	1,103,867	1,201,782
Other taxes	433,575	505,979	572,910	620,562	723,538	735,637	623,046	679,577	692,600	594,429
Investment earnings	29,041	22,017	24,761	25,297	19,517	20,561	37,532	89,401	116,114	71,203
Miscellaneous	914,358	1,314,414	861,174	1,006,410	732,713	589,044	693,332	784,688	870,036	956,050
Special item	'	531,339	4,521		'	116,204	154, 110	·	ı	'
Transfers	(318,000)	(401,000)	(365,500)	(410,000)	(433,000)	(363, 473)	(670,072)	(487,000)	93,333	(552, 167)
Total governmental activities	6,648,904	7,564,805	6,583,391	\$6,948,706	\$7,081,046	\$7,775,531	\$6,892,446	\$7,341,788	\$7,931,145	\$7,608,932
Business-type activities:										
Investment earnings	27,538	22,459	23,304	20,667	19,463	26,111	64,240	137,741	221,310	139,107
Miscellaneous	363,534	89,737	77,793	86,433	166,118	61,637	94,561	'	173,428	'
Special item	'	'		'	'			'	'	(760,070)
Transfers	318,000	401,000	365,500	410,000	433,000	363,473	670,072	487,000	(93, 333)	552,167
Total business-type activities	709,072	513,196	466,597	517,100	618,581	451,222	828,873	624,741	301,405	(68, 796)
Total primary government \$ 7,357,976 \$ 8,078,002	\$ 7,357,976		\$ 7,049,989	\$ 7,465,807	\$ 7,699,628	\$ 8,226,754	\$ 7,721,319	\$ 7,966,529	\$ 8,232,550	\$ 7,540,136
Change in Net Position	¢ 020.017	030.017 ¢ 3.708.030 ¢			(TT3 250) \$	\$ 1154 857)	\$ 11 553 500V	(575 D55)	¢ (030.410)	\$ 1040.014
Governmental acuvities		D76'007'7	¢ 0/4,000 ¢		440,307 & (203,407) & (1,042,000) & (2,00,200) & (1,042,000) & (1,042,000) & (1,042,014)	(700,401) ¢	(٥٥٢,٤٢٢,١) د	(000,040) &	(U14,202) &	1,049,914

Total primary government \$ 2,937,823 Business-type activities

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1,205,098 560,043

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Notes: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 65 in fiscal year 2014. The amounts for all fiscal years presented have been restated for the effects of this standard The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. The amounts for all prior fiscal years have not been restated for the effects of this standard

### Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$1,145,971	\$1,168,289	\$1,236,249	\$1,608,618	\$1,277,724	\$1,338,490	\$1,358,629	\$1,711,344	\$1,703,198	\$1,810,914
Public Safety	62,736	103,656	166,409	87,117	19,755	42,022	34,316	413,591	2,882	447,263
Public Works	24,419	210,239	21,673	3,363	3,495	3,747	2,770	3,912	5,095	8,495
Culture and Recreation	376,628	361,577	365,182	364,659	375,659	402,381	377,360	401,381	413,998	1,133,786
Community Services	309,143	257,040	266,078	275,629	262,470	261,167	226,515	203,526	194,963	183,779
Airport	172,504	593,459	695,958	184,086	165,778	212,698	181,743	270,502	210,536	608,909
Subtotal Governmental Activities	2,091,401	2,694,260	2,751,549	2,523,472	2,104,881	2,260,505	2,181,333	3,004,255	2,530,672	4,193,145
Business-type Activities										
Water and Sewer	7,374,802	7,173,293	7,331,761	6,958,410	6,558,087	7,202,525	7,291,239	7,670,466	7,488,820	7,951,268
Solid Waste Management	1,761,550	1,775,439	1,586,861	1,953,590	1,895,226	1,891,078	1,886,909	1,451,479	2,023,957	2,076,336
Ambulance	1,033,557	1,112,862	1,883,190	1,543,130	1,600,473	1,563,108	1,466,895	2,054,866	1,334,550	1,386,944
Subtotal Business-type Activities	10,169,909	10,061,594	10,801,812	10,455,130	10,053,786	10,656,711	10,645,043	11,176,811	10,847,327	11,414,548
Total Primary Government	\$12,261,310 \$12,755,854	\$12,755,854	\$13,553,361	\$12,978,602	\$12,158,667	\$12,917,216	\$12,826,376	\$14,181,066	\$13,377,999	\$15,607,693

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

## Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Fund										
Restricted	•	- \$ 35,854	\$ 61,082	\$ 87,134	\$ 113,147	\$ 163,339	\$ 61,082 \$ 87,134 \$ 113,147 \$ 163,339 \$ 121,737 \$ 120,182 \$ 144,086 \$ 169,733	\$ 120,182	\$ 144,086	\$ 169,733
Unassigned	6,331,590	6,331,590 8,196,184	8,086,154	5,877,126	4,360,460	4,566,380	8,086,154 5,877,126 4,360,460 4,566,380 3,808,170 3,776,982 3,556,469 3,192,454	3,776,982	3,556,469	3,192,454
Total general fund	\$ 6,331,590	6,331,590 $$$ $8,232,038$	\$ 8,147,236	\$ 5,964,260	\$ 4,473,607	\$ 4,729,719	\$ 8,147,236 \$ 5,964,260 \$ 4,473,607 \$ 4,729,719 \$ 3,929,907 \$ 3,897,164 \$ 3,700,555 \$ 3,362,187	\$ 3,897,164	\$ 3,700,555	\$ 3,362,187
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted	10,280	7,682	6,950	7,190	5,055	75,700	59,693	29,189	14,012	11,506
Committed	\$ 1,105,496 \$ 1,126,190	\$ 1,126,190	\$ 1,151,193	\$ 1,177,458	\$ 1,199,074	\$ 1,217,604	\$ 1,151,193 \$ 1,177,458 \$ 1,199,074 \$ 1,217,604 \$ 1,234,690 \$ 1,255,618 \$ 1,300,669 \$ 1,323,925	\$ 1,255,618	\$ 1,300,669	\$ 1,323,925
Assigned	26,929	26,929 13,444	11,690	11,007	18,853		I	I	I	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,142,705 \$ 1,147,315	\$ 1,147,315	\$ 1,169,833	\$ 1,195,655	\$ 1,222,982	\$ 1,293,304	\$ 1,169,833 \$ 1,195,655 \$ 1,222,982 \$ 1,293,304 \$ 1,294,383 \$ 1,284,807 \$ 1,314,681 \$ 1,335,431	\$ 1,284,807	\$ 1,314,681	\$ 1,335,431
Total governmental funds	\$ 7,474,295 \$ 9,379,353	\$ 9,379,353	\$ 9,317,069	\$ 7,159,915	\$ 5,696,589	\$ 6,023,023	\$ 9,317,069 \$ 7,159,915 \$ 5,696,589 \$ 6,023,023 \$ 5,224,290 \$ 5,181,971 \$ 5,015,236 \$ 4,697,618	\$ 5,181,971	\$ 5,015,236	\$ 4,697,618

Source: City of Sweetwater Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for respective fiscal year.

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions' in fiscal year 2011.

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# Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 6,112,098	\$ 6,108,156	\$ 6,067,196	\$ 6,336,881	\$ 6,752,849	\$7,396,359	\$ 6,616,507	\$ 6,957,637	\$ 6,818,654	\$ 7,103,574
Intergovernmental	417,997	663,485	819,231	248,798	237,826	305,712	243,035	676,617	206,366	1,093,552
Charges for services	1,466,232	1,275,983	1,361,261	1,691,233	1,350,701	1,436,923	1,434,132	1,812,745	1,799,578	1,831,097
Licenses and permits	26,887	31,026	26,919	37,211	35,805	32,089	34,907	50,532	40,374	61,525
Investment income	31,605	23,891	24,761	25,297	19,517	20,561	37,532	89,401	116,113	71,203
Fines and forfeitures	39,632	50,788	59,405	43,772	50,270	59,314	54,743	42,137	44,744	47,256
Miscellaneous	1,055,012	2,019,907	1,345,905	1,508,869	1,162,993	1,015,513	1,261,960	1,206,913	1,310,007	2,128,614
Total revenues	9,149,463	10,173,236	9,704,678	9,892,061	9,609,961	10,266,471	9,682,816	10,835,982	10,335,836	12,336,821
Expenditures										
General government	1,303,407	1,371,854	1,344,973	1,540,874	1,588,013	1,637,268	1,742,582	1,694,033	1,807,932	1,873,355
Public safety	3,237,786	3,338,050	3,688,322	3,985,580	4,315,864	4,441,559	4,780,984	5,342,126	5,227,055	5,373,302
Public works	958,960	956,175	1,008,327	1,030,142	1,047,268	1,074,272	941,312	1,052,145	1,061,504	1,082,168
Culture and recreation	1,146,979	1,136,248	1,224,311	1,270,965	1,380,748	1,436,460	1,375,270	1,406,410	1,450,148	1,318,452
Community services	463,120	480,162	490,629	531,270	531,104	510,793	513,687	508,002	515,118	545,355
Airport	119,606	214,915	311,461	250,578	212,791	277,288	239,207	245,650	232,286	193,891
Capital outlay	211,803	625,523	1,337,961	3,029,805	1,564,499	179,669	218,434	142,934	301,860	1,715,748
Total expenditures	7,441,661	8,122,927	9,405,984	11,639,214	10,640,287	9,557,309	9,811,476	10,391,300	10,595,903	12,102,271
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	1,707,802	2,050,309	298,694	(1, 747, 153)	(1,030,326)	709,162	(128,660)	444,682	(260,067)	234,550
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	86,066	146,613	163,636	192,210	210,849	221,244	207,517	196,703	823,718	279,758
Transfers out	(404,066)	(547,613)	(529, 136)	(602, 210)	(643, 849)	$\sim$	(877,589)	(683, 703)	(730, 385)	(831,925)
Proceeds from sale of assets		255,750	4,521			116,204				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(318,000)	(145,250)	(360,979)	(410,000)	(433,000)	(382,727)	(670,072)	(487,000)	93,333	(552,167)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,389,802	\$ 1,905,059	\$ (62,285)	\$(2,157,153)	\$ (1,463,326)	\$ 326,434	\$ (798,733)	\$ (42,319)	\$ (166,735)	\$ (317,618)
Debt Service as a % of noncapital expenditures	%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	0%0	%0

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

Year	(1) Property Tax	(2) Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	(3) Occupancy Tax	Alcohol Beverage Tax	Total
2011	1,664	2,899	1,026	428	6	6,023
2012	1,623	2,903	1,067	501	5	6,099
2013	1,923	2,553	1,010	568	5	6,059
2014	1,902	2,707	1,098	615	6	6,328
2015	2,037	2,841	1,151	716	8	6,753
2016	2,219	3,377	1,064	726	9	7,395
2017	2,154	2,780	1,060	613	10	6,617
2018	2,234	2,973	1,071	670	10	6,958
2019	2,230	2,792	1,104	681	12	6,819
2020	2,465	2,843	1,202	585	9	7,104
<b>Change:</b> 2011-2020	48%	-2%	17%	37%	50%	18%

#### Tax Revenues By Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amounts are expressed in thousands.

- 1 The City has kept its property tax rate at \$0.48 per \$100 assessed value until the fiscal year 2018 with a rate of \$0.497423 per \$100 assessed value. Fiscal year 2020 property tax rate increased to a \$0.539 per \$100 assessed value.
- <sup>2</sup> The City charges a 1.5 percent sales and use tax within the City limits. Sales tax revenue has decreased 2% compared to 10 years ago.
- <sup>3</sup> The City's occupancy tax rate is 9 percent which is collected by the City and allocated pursuant to Chapter 351 of the Texas Tax Code to entities supporting and promoting tourism in the city.

## Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	Real Property	operty	Personal		Less:	Total Taxable	Total	Estimated	<b>Assessed Value</b>
	Residential	Commercial			Tax Exempt	Assessed	Direct Tax	Actual Taxable	as a Percentage
Fiscal Year	Property	Property	Commercial	Other*	<b>Real Property</b>	Value	Rate	Value	of Actual Value
2011	164,619	154,251	49,089	2,163	39,522	330,600	0.4800	330,600	100%
2012	168,192	133,436	70,993	2,927	36,448	339,100	0.4800	339,100	100%
2013	212,969	90,572	131,650	1,941	16,923	420,209	0.4630	420,209	100%
2014	212,753	102,838	97,084	1,314	16,345	397,644	0.4800	397,644	100%
2015	215,970	120,004	106,200	1,558	15,852	427,880	0.4800	427,880	100%
2016	220,863	133,319	110,888	12,440	12,317	465,193	0.4800	465,193	100%
2017	240,649	133,399	97,320	3,413	12,317	462,464	0.4800	462,464	100%
2018	248,063	126,577	80,493	2,985	10,753	447,365	0.4974	447,365	100%
2019	250,913	126,225	88,549	2,889	13,712	454,864	0.4974	454,864	100%
2020	253,435	129,744	92,292	3,444	11,768	467,147	0.5390	467,147	100%

Source: Central Appraisal District of Nolan County

Note: Property is reassessed annually. The district assesses property at approximately 100 percent of actual value for all types of real and personal property. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. All amounts unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

\*CAD Software conversion in 2011 revealed misclassification of oil and gas as personal property rather than real property in prior years.

## Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

							Over	<b>Overlapping Rates</b>	Rates				
				Sweetw	<b>Sweetwater Independent</b>	pendent				Nolan (	<b>Nolan County Hospital</b>	ospital	Total
Fiscal Year	City o	City of Sweetwater	ater	Scl	School District	ict	No	Nolan County	ity		District		Direct &
		Debt			Debt			Debt			Debt		Overlapping
	Operating	Service	Total	Operating	Total Operating Service		Total Operating Service	Service	Total	Total Operating Service	Service	Total	Rates
2011	0.4800	ı	0.4800	1.0600	0600 0.1650	1.2250	0.3754	ı	0.3754	0.2020	0.0504	0.2524	2.3328
2012	0.4800		0.4800	1.0600	0.1650	1.2250	0.4230	ı	0.4230	0.2042	0.0482	0.2524	2.3804
2013	0.4630	·	0.4630	1.0950	0.1200	1.2150	0.3946	ı	0.3946	0.2021	0.0197	0.2218	2.2944
2014	0.4800	·	0.4800	1.0950	0.1200	1.2150	0.4431	0.0645	0.5076	0.2287	0.0236	0.2524	2.4549
2015	0.4800		0.4800	1.0950	0.1200	1.2150	0.4448	0.0639	0.5087	0.2459	0.1580	0.4040	2.6077
2016	0.4800		0.4800	1.0950	0.1180	1.2130	0.4758	0.0641	0.5399	0.2479	0.1560	0.4039	2.6368
2017	0.4800		0.4800	1.0950	0.1100	1.2050	0.4994	0.0671	0.5665	0.2560	0.1480	0.4040	2.6554
2018	0.4974		0.4974	1.0950	0.1130	1.2080	0.5008	0.0671	0.5680	0.2560	0.1480	0.4040	2.6773
2019	0.4974		0.4974	1.0950	0.1130	1.2080	0.4730	0.0586	0.5317	0.2932	0.1068	0.4000	2.6371
2020	0.5390	ı	0.5390	1.0197	0.1101	1.1298	0.4701	0.0616	0.5317	0.3145	0.1075	0.4220	2.6225
Source:	Central Appraisal District of Nolan	praisal Di	strict of N	Jolan County	uty								

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Sweetwater Notes:

#### Principal Property Taxpayers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		FY 2020			FY 2011	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Ludlum Measurements Inc	18,950,730	1	4.06%	15,690,140	1	4.83%
Crest Pumping Technologies LLC	9,342,880	2	2.00%			
Oncor Electric Delivery/TU	5,969,000	3	1.28%	4,426,500	4	1.36%
CSI Acquisition Co.	5,563,810	4	1.19%			
HYTORC	4,741,550	5	1.02%			
Union Pacific Railroad	4,718,640	6	1.01%			
Loves Hospitality LLC	4,514,550	7	0.97%			
Suddenlink Communications	4,020,500	8	0.86%			
TXHP Sweetwater LLC	3,802,960	9	0.81%			
Wal-Mart Stores LP A TEX LIM	3,712,190	10	0.79%	3,741,280	6	1.15%
Amerimix Drilling				6,526,000	2	2.01%
Wal-Mart Stores Texas LP				4,818,450	3	1.48%
Texas TST Inc.				4,138,940	5	1.27%
Sweet K Associates				2,881,600	7	0.89%
Texas WTV ltd				2,650,740	8	0.82%
Southwestern Bell Tele Co				2,403,530	9	0.74%
Soedarsono Masmarijanto				2,397,160	10	0.74%
Total	65,336,810		13.99%	49,674,340		15.29%

Source: Central Appraisal District of Nolan County

### Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-		hin Fiscal Year e Levy		Total Collect	tions to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	1,586,856	1,518,494	96%	66,848	1,585,342	100%
2012	1,627,454	1,556,652	96%	66,588	1,623,240	100%
2013	1,947,460	1,892,650	97%	50,082	1,942,732	100%
2014	1,909,117	1,855,387	97%	47,085	1,902,472	100%
2015	2,053,829	1,987,413	97%	57,017	2,044,430	100%
2016	2,232,971	2,159,055	97%	55,427	2,214,482	99%
2017	2,219,828	2,101,627	95%	92,279	2,193,906	99%
2018	2,225,365	2,129,052	96%	56,791	2,185,843	98%
2019	2,262,601	2,151,338	95%	51,214	2,202,552	97%
2020	2,517,923	2,406,837	96%	-	2,406,837	96%

Source: Central Appraisal District of Nolan County

**CITY OF SWEETWATER** 

# Principal Water Sales Current Year and Ten Years Ago Fiscal Year

				FY 2020	020					FY 2011	011	
						Percentage of Total						Percentage of Total
	X	Water		Water		Water	2	Water		Water		Water
Water Customer	щ	Rate		Sales	Rank	Sales	-	Rate		Sales	Rank	Sales
United States Gypsum Co.	S	7.99	÷	734,981.71	1	14.20%	÷	6.31	Ś	463,567.39	1	9.27%
Georgia Pacific	\$	7.99	↔	433,883.00	2	8.38%	\$	6.31	∽	261,199.38	С	5.22%
Sweetwater Housing Authority	\$	7.69	↔	326,064.76	3	6.30%						
City of Roby	S	6.53	\$	268,999.45	4	5.20%	S	5.68	∽	236,569.16	4	4.73%
Sweetwater ISD	\$	7.99	\$	165,587.85	5	3.20%						
City of Trent	S	6.53	\$	147, 970.04	9	2.86%	S	5.68	∽	130,821.84	5	2.62%
Apple Creek Apartments	↔	7.69	↔	111,605.89	L	2.16%	S	69.9	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	38,084.92	9	0.76%
<b>Rolling Plains Memorial Hospital</b>	S	7.99	↔	112,173.06	8	2.17%						
Sweetwater Mustang Heights	\$	7.69	↔	104,498.55	6	2.02%						
Ludlum Measurements	↔	7.99	↔	90,599.42	10	1.75%						
Bittercreek Water Supply							S	5.68	$\boldsymbol{S}$	350,410.48	2	7.01%
Sweetwater 76 Auto/Truck							S	6.31	∽	29,480.70	L	0.59%
Days Inn							S	69.9	∽	28,262.87	8	0.57%
HBSN Investment LLC							S	6.31	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	26,817.55	6	0.54%
La Quinta/Holiday Inn							\$	6.31	\$	24,842.04	10	0.50%
			$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	\$ 2,496,363.73	l	48.23%			Ş	1,590,056.33		31.81%

Source: City of Sweetwater Utility Department

# Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last 10 Fiscal Years

202	GOVERNMENTAL ACUIVILIES	/ILIES		DUSIN	pushiess type Activities					
							Total			
s	Lease	1 otal Governmental	Obligation	of Obligation	Refunding	Notes	business type	1 Otal Primary	rercentage of Personal	Per Capita
Payable	Obligations	Activities	Bonds (1)	Bonds (1)	Bonds (1)	Payable	Activities	Government	Income (3)	
ı	1		8,685,000	1,955,000		1	18,673,338	18,673,338	0.1693%	
ī	ı	·	8,600,000	1,665,000		ı	17,398,523	17,398,523	0.1892%	1,595.32
ī		ı	8,520,000	1,360,000		ı	16,103,707	16,103,707	0.2177%	
ı			8,445,000	2,975,000		'	16,713,892	16,713,892	0.2278%	
'	'		'	1,840,000		ı	15,507,167	15,507,167	0.2354%	
ı	'		'	6,745,000		ı	18,942,072	18,942,072	0.1965%	
0,000	•	290,000	'	6,405,000		'	17,101,978	17, 391, 978	0.1174%	
20,037	•	220,037	'	6,065,000		230,513	15,772,397	15,992,434	0.1859%	
148,694		148,694		5,725,000		156,255	14,093,044	14,241,738	0.2237%	
75,300	747,105	822,405	'	5,385,000		55,072	12,351,767	13,174,172	0.2592%	

# Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 5 to the current financial statements. -

0 m 4

The City's bonded debt is only in its Business - Type Activities. Estimated Personal Income source: Texas Association of Counties Estimated Population Source: City of Sweetwater Finance Department

### Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Certificates of Obligation Bonds (1)	Refunding Bonds (1)	Total	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Net General Bonded Debt	% of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	Per Capita (3)
2011	8,685,000	1,955,000	8,033,338	18,673,338	709,175	17,964,163	5.43%	1,647.18
2012	8,600,000	1,665,000	7,133,523	17,398,523	712,235	16,686,288	4.92%	1,530.01
2013	8,520,000	1,360,000	6,223,707	16,103,707	715,354	15,388,353	3.66%	1,411.00
2014	8,445,000	2,975,000	5,293,892	16,713,892	759,967	15,953,925	4.01%	1,462.86
2015	-	1,840,000	13,667,166	15,507,166	817,153	14,690,013	3.43%	1,346.97
2016	-	6,745,000	12,197,072	18,942,072	821,408	18,120,664	3.90%	1,661.53
2017	-	6,405,000	10,696,978	17,101,978	831,373	16,270,605	3.52%	1,491.89
2018	-	6,065,000	9,476,884	15,541,884	848,974	14,692,910	3.28%	1,347.23
2019	-	5,725,000	8,211,789	13,936,789	875,411	13,061,378	2.87%	1,197.63
2020	-	5,385,000	6,911,695	12,296,695	891,829	11,404,866	2.44%	1,045.74

### Notes:

1 Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 5 to the current financial statements.

### General:

- 2 Central Appraisal District of Nolan County
- 3 City of Sweetwater Finance Department

### Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt, As of September 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Deb	t Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	nated Share of verlapping Debt(1)
Debt repaid with property taxes				
Sweetwater Independent School District Nolan County Nolan County Hospital District	\$	7,003,000 11,281,000 21,418,952	59.6% 22.3% 24.2%	\$ 4,170,287 2,517,919 5,176,961
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt				 11,865,166
City of Sweetwater direct debt				 822,405
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 12,687,571
Total direct and overlapping debt percent of assessed taxab Total direct and overlapping debt per Capita	le valu	ie		2.7% \$1,163

Source: www.mactexas.com

Nolan County Central Appraisal District

### Notes:

- 1 Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residence and businesses of Sweetwater. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Sweetwater's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.
- 2 The percentage of government unit's total property value located with the City's limits.
- 3 All of the City's bonded debt are for business-type activities of the self-supporting Waterworks and Sewer system therefore excluded from this schedule. The City's bonds are secured by a first lien pledge of the net revenues of the water and wastewater system in a addition to a pledge of ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property located with in the City's limits.

### Legal Debt Margin Information Last 10 Fiscal Years

### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020

Assessed value	\$467,147,055
Debt limit <sup>1</sup>	11,678,676
(\$2.50 hundred dollar valuation)	
Debt applicable to limit:	
Total bonded debt	1,680,439
Less: Amount set aside for	
repayment of certificate of	
obligation debt	(891,829)
Total net debt applicable to limit	788,610
Legal debt margin	\$ 10,890,066

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Debt limit	\$ 8,264,999	\$ 8,477,492 \$	10,505,242	\$ 9,941,110	\$10,697,024	\$11,629,821	\$11,561,604	\$11,184,114	\$11,371,615	\$11,678,676
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,283,864	1,131,921	1,096,688	1,109,168	1,784,680	902,069	1,162,225	819,047	810,405	788,610
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,981,135	\$ 7,345,571 \$	9,408,554	\$ 8,831,942	\$ 8,912,344	\$10,727,752	\$10,399,379	\$10,365,067	\$10,561,210	\$10,890,066
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	15.5%	13.4%	10.4%	11.2%	16.7%	7.8%	10.1%	7.3%	7.1%	6.8%

### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> The Constitution of the State of Texas limits the maximum ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation for home -rule cities

### Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last 10 Fiscal Years

			Water Rever	iue Bonds		
				Debt Serv	ice (1)	
Fiscal Year	Water and Sewer Revenue	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2011	7,692,255	3,787,771	3,904,484	1,170,000	748,039	2.04
2012	6,970,385	3,957,662	3,012,723	1,245,000	599,156	1.63
2013	7,377,626	3,990,698	3,386,928	1,265,000	547,042	1.87
2014	7,008,459	4,548,917	2,459,542	1,295,000	574,135	1.32
2015	6,697,673	4,310,847	2,386,826	2,090,000	511,834	0.92
2016	7,250,798	4,373,949	2,876,849	1,440,000	283,477	1.67
2017	7,350,802	4,384,432	2,966,370	1,715,000	278,598	1.49
2018	7,624,129	4,667,326	2,956,803	1,435,000	233,021	1.77
2019	7,377,819	4,829,180	2,548,639	1,480,000	205,816	1.51
2020	7,951,268	5,024,384	2,926,884	1,515,000	165,439	1.74

### Notes:

(1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Note 5 to the current financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

### Demographic and Economic Statistics, Most Recently Available Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2011	10,906	\$479,143,000	\$31,419	37.1	2,286	6.3%
2012	10,906	\$502,560,000	\$32,914	37.1	2,273	5.6%
2013	10,906	\$523,214,000	\$35,059	37.5	2,209	5.0%
2014	10,906	\$572,484,000	\$38,072	38.7	2,196	4.6%
2015	10,906	\$550,910,000	\$36,501	37.6	2,169	3.5%
2016	10,906	\$562,315,000	\$37,222	37.4	2,126	4.3%
2017	10,906	\$434,402,267	\$20,415	38.2	2,222	4.6%
2018	10,906	\$439,028,155	\$29,725	37.8	2,152	3.4%
2019	10,906	\$469,908,791	\$31,856	37.8	2,158	3.5%
2020	10,906	\$502,399,410	\$34,144	38.0	2,137	5.9%

### Sources:

(1) Population information, Personal income information and median age was obtained from the Texas Association of Counties (TAC) website.

(2) School Enrollment was obtained from the Texas Education Agency website.

(3) The unemployment rate was obtained from the Texas Workforce Commission.

### Principal Employers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago

		2020			2011	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Sweetwater ISD	385	1	5.7%	408	2	5.6%
Ludlum Measurements	340	2	5.0%	427	1	5.8%
Rolling Plains Hospital	329	3	4.9%	354	3	4.8%
United States Gypsum	240	4	3.5%	180	5	2.5%
Wal-Mart	190	5	2.8%	206	4	2.8%
City of Sweetwater	140	6	2.1%	135	7	1.8%
Nolan County	113	7	1.7%	101	9	1.4%
Buzzi Unicem/Lone Star Cement	105	8	1.6%	105	8	1.5%
Texas State Technical College	104	9	1.5%	150	6	2.0%
MHMR	100	10	1.5%	87	10	1.2%
Total	2,046		30.2%	2,153		29.4%

### Source:

Sweetwater Enterprise for Economic Development.

Texas Workforce Commission

### Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Administration	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Finance	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.20	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Court and Legal	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50	1.00
Planning and Development	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
Police										
Officers	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	23.00	24.00	25.00	25.00
Civilians	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Firefighters and officers	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	15.00	16.00	16.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Street and Signals	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	6.75	6.75	6.75
Animal Control	1.25	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
Parks and Recreation	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Golf Course	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Aquatics	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Airport	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
S.N.A.P.	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	4.75	4.75	4.50
Water										
Billing and Collections	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.70	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00
Source of Supply	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95
Water Purification	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	4.20	5.20	4.95	5.20	5.20
Water Distribution	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	9.20	10.20	11.20
Wastewater Collection	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	1.20
Wastewater Treatment	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95	3.95
Emergency Medical Services										
Paramedic/Firefighters/Officers	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Civilians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Refuse										
Refuse Collection -Residential	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.85	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Refuse Disposal	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.75	3.75	3.75
Refuse Collection-Commercial	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Internal Services and Stores	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.20	13.00	13.00	12.50	11.50	12.50
Cemetery	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
2										

Source: City Human Resource Department

### CITY OF SWEETWATER, TEXAS Operating Indicators by Function/Program, Last Ten Available Fiscal Years

-										
Function Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Code Enforcement										
Building permits issued	107	142	190	168	159	230	480	238	296	311
Violation notices mailed	107	142	190	108	159	250	400	256	290	511
Weeds	88	249	432	312	392	287	257	216	322	272
Junk	63	51	-56	53	37	287	17	36	15	137
Other	99	77	131	121	126	72	47	65	8	77
Identified substandard structures	33	30	19	41	8	7	10	150	2	11
identified substandard structures	55	50	17	41	0	,	10	150	2	
Police										
Crimes against person	558	530	700	612	533	673	643	617	706	398
Crimes against property	846	815	1,200	1,056	1,137	1,383	1,037	1,035	1,119	775
Traffic citations	1,637	1,600	1,500	569	594	547	881	2,153	592	494
Request for service	23,298	22,500	24,000	21,928	23,453	19,876	22,579	22,347	25,646	24,222
Persons arrested	1,309	1,350	1,200	923	977	1,020	583	537	574	489
Fire										
Fire calls in city	486	444	368	352	345	391	388	514	517	524
Fire calls out of city	480 344	328	215	247	409	279	282	388	285	285
The cans out of eny	344	328	215	247	409	219	282	388	285	205
Animal Control										
Dogs and cats impounded	681	675	534	687	668	658	435	422	624	504
Citizen calls	1,033	1,750	2,567	3,170	4,159	4,278	3,125	2,855	4,404	4,737
Golf Course										
Number of rounds played	1,934	4,386	3,104	3,956	3,336	3,413	4,495	4,702	5,434	6,660
Number of memberships	150	52	57	60	56	50	53	50	54	72
Swimming Pool										
Number of daily admissions	9,305	8,742	6,505	6,569	7,510	7,201	6,851	5,909	5,673	0
Tumber of daily dumissions	,,505	0,742	0,505	0,505	7,510	7,201	0,001	5,707	5,075	0
Water										
Gallons pumped	898,703,000	917,745,000	916,048,681	855,907,419	806,717,009	809,908,812	775,375,601	653,787,802	756,741,200	745,863,039
Gallons treated	798,475,000	847,000,000	831,825,000	474,191,919	713,665,836	726,647,812	706,525,601	767,874,168	728,918,742	730,467,240
Average daily consumption	2.4MGD	2.3MGD	2.3MGD	2.1MGD	1.9MGD	1.98MGD	1.93MGD	2.2MGD	2.0 MGD	2.0 MGD
Peak Consumption	3.6MGD	3.8MGD	3.5MGD	3.1MGD	2.8MGD	2.9MGD	2.7MGD	2.8MGD	2.9 MGD	3.0 MGD
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment	1.0MGD	1.3 MGD	1.0 MGD							
Emergency Medical Service										
Ambulance calls within city	996	890	885	1,146	1,123	909	947	940	888	733
Ambulance calls total	2,109	2,057	2,316	2,244	2,218	2,057	1,945	1,910	2,037	1,919
Refuse										
Residential tons collected	5,348	6,058	5,583	5,933	5,825	5,775	5,454	6,502	6,499	5,958
Commercial ton collected	3,607	3,634	3,724	3,807	4,016	4,330	4,106	4,196	4,268	4,873
	-,/	-,	-,	-,/	-,0	.,	.,	.,	.,=	.,

Sources: Various City departments Note: Million Gallons per day is abbreviated MGD for reporting purposes

### Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

<b>Function Program</b>	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	21	21	21	21	22	22	22	26	26	26
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire and Rescue Trucks	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	8
Other public works										
Streets (miles)	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76	84.76
Streetlights	815	815	816	816	817	808	808	808	808	808
Traffic signs	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152	1,152
Parks and recreation										
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks - acreage	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085	1,085
Baseball/softball diamonds	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	179	179	191	191	194	198	198	198	198	198
Fire hydrants	416	416	443	443	460	461	462	467	467	467
Storage capacity (MG)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Sewage										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	116	116	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
Treatment capacity (MGD)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ambulance Services										
Ambulances	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

Sources: Various City departments

Note: Million Gallons per day is abbreviated MGD for reporting purposes

# GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION

## CATHRINE WILKS CPA LLC

501 Locust Street P.O. Box 627 Sweetwater, Texas 79556 (325) 236-9552

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor Jim McKenzie and Members of the City Council Sweetwater, TX 79556

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds of the City of Sweetwater, Texas ("City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 25, 2021.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during the audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Sweetwater's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on

compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cothine Wilks CPA LLC

Sweetwater, Texas January 25, 2021

## CATHRINE WILKS CPA LLC

501 Locust Street P.O. Box 627 Sweetwater, Texas 79556 (325) 236-9552

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor Jim McKenzie and Members of the City Council Sweetwater, TX 79556

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

I have audited the City of Sweetwater, Texas's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Sweetwater, Texas's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. City of Sweetwater, Texas's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Sweetwater, Texas's major federal programs based on the audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted the audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Sweetwater, Texas's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that the audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, the audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Sweetwater, Texas's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In my opinion, the City of Sweetwater, Texas, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the City of Sweetwater, Texas, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing the audit of compliance, I considered the City of Sweetwater, Texas's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of

internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Sweetwater, Texas's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cathrine Wilks CPA ffC

Sweetwater, Texas January 25, 2021

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

### I. Summary of the Auditor's Results:

Type of Report on Financial Statements	Unmodified				
Significant deficiencies required to be reported in this schedule in the audit of the financial statements.	None				
Noncompliance Material to the Financial Statements	None				
Significant deficiencies required to be reported in this schedule in the audit of the major programs	None				
Type of Report on Compliance with Major Programs	Unmodified				
Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance	None				
Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs	\$750,000				
Low Risk Auditee Statements	The City was not considered a low-risk auditee in the context of the Uniform Guidance.				
Major Federal Programs	CFDA 66.468 Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds				

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards*.

None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None

Summary Schedule of Status of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

There were no prior audit findings.

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Identity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Environmental Protection Agency Passed through Texas Water Development Board Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds Total Environmental Protection Agency	66.468	62699-L1000537	\$ 1,083,725 \$ 1,083,725	
U.S. Federal Aviation Administration Passed through Texas Department of Transportation Airport Improvement Program Total U.S. Federal Aviaiton Administration	20.106	1708SWEET	\$ 473,038 \$ 473,038	
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through Texas Division of Emergency Management Coronavirus Relief Funds Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	2020-705	\$	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through West Central Texas Council of Governments: Special Program for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund Social Services Block Grant Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.045 93.003 93.667		\$ 37,577 \$ 12,103 \$ 92,920 \$ 142,600	
U.S. General Services Administration Passed through Texas Facilities Commission Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property Total U.S. General Services Administration	39.003		\$33 \$33	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 2,256,336			

### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2020

### Note 1: General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the primary government of the City of Sweetwater, Texas (City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note (1)(B) in the City's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020.

The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position/fund balance or cash flows of the City.

### Note 2: Basis of Accounting

Governmental fund expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary fund expenses reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The City's summary of significant accounting policies is presented in Note (1) to the City's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2020. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 3: Federal Loan Program

The City received a \$5,000,000 revolving loan fund during fiscal year 2017. All proceeds were placed in a trust. As of September 30, 2020, \$4,479,937 has been expended on allowable projects. The full loan of \$5,000,000 is a capitalization grant from the Drinking Water State Revolving Funds CFDA 66.468. As of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, the City has no other federal loans outstanding.